

INTEGRATED SAFEGUARDS DATA SHEET
IDENTIFICATION / CONCEPT STAGE

Report No.:ISDSC20306

Date ISDS Prepared/Updated: 27-Oct-2016

I. BASIC INFORMATION

A. Basic Project Data

Country:	Kenya	Project ID:	P162248
Project Name:	Nairobi Sanitation OBA Project II		
Team Leader(s):	Rajesh K. Advani		
Estimated Date of Approval:	20-Feb-2017		
Managing Unit:	GWADR	Lending Instrument:	IPF
Financing (in USD Million)			
Total Project Cost:	2.6	Total Bank Financing:	0
Financing Gap:	0		
Financing Source			Amount
Global Partnership on Output-based Aid			2.6
Environmental Category:	B - Partial Assessment		

B. Project Development Objective(s)

The development objective of the project is to increase access to sanitation and water services in selected low-income communities of Nairobi.

C. Project Description

D. Project location and Salient physical characteristics relevant to the safeguard analysis (if known)

The project activities will be carried out in twelve of Nairobi's informal settlements: Kayole Soweto, River Bank, Matopeni, Mukuru, Mathare, Huruma, Maili Saba, Mowlem, Canaan, Mwengenyne, Kawangware, and Kibera.

Nairobi's slums demonstrate the magnitude of the challenges and opportunities for poverty reduction in these settlements. The National Bureau of Statistics conservatively estimates that, within Nairobi's administrative boundary, at least 30 percent of the population lives in slums. With the 2009 census reporting Nairobi's total population as 3.2 million, the city's slum population now stands at almost one million people. Recent in depth research supported by the World Bank reveals both encouraging and discouraging development indicators in Nairobi's slums. The incidence of economic poverty is very high with 73 percent of slum residents fall below the poverty line. Unemployment is also high (26 percent), and living conditions are poor (only 3 percent

live in a house with permanent walls, water and electricity.)

Rapid growth of informal slum settlements in the city of Nairobi can be attributed to a number of factors among them increasing income inequalities and urban poverty, increasing rates of rural urban migration, inefficient land delivery systems, high costs of urban living and poor investment in low income housing, among other factors. In these low income areas of Nairobi, basic amenities such as water, sanitation facilities including toilets and designed drainage and sewage systems as well as garbage dumping sites are lacking. Some of the low income areas have recently seen developments to improve basic services.

E. Borrowers Institutional Capacity for Safeguard Policies

The NCWSC has developed an Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) as part of activities under the Nairobi Sanitation OBA Project (P131512), which will cover all the activities of this project. The ESIA has been reviewed and cleared by the World Bank. The NCWSC also has a team consisting of an environmental specialist and three sociologists that will support the environmental and social aspects of this project.

F. Environmental and Social Safeguards Specialists on the Team

Edward Felix Dwumfour (GEN01)

Svetlana Khvostova (GEN01)

II. SAFEGUARD POLICIES THAT MIGHT APPLY

Safeguard Policies	Triggered ?	Explanation (Optional)
Environmental Assessment OP/BP 4.01	Yes	The client has prepared an Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) report for the project.
Natural Habitats OP/BP 4.04	No	
Forests OP/BP 4.36	No	
Pest Management OP 4.09	No	
Physical Cultural Resources OP/BP 4.11	No	
Indigenous Peoples OP/BP 4.10	No	
Involuntary Resettlement OP/BP 4.12	No	
Safety of Dams OP/BP 4.37	No	
Projects on International Waterways OP/BP 7.50	No	
Projects in Disputed Areas OP/BP 7.60	No	

III. SAFEGUARD PREPARATION PLAN

IV. Approval

Task Team Leader(s):	Name: Rajesh K. Advani
<i>Approved By:</i>	

Safeguards Advisor:	Name: Nathalie S. Munzberg (SA)	Date: 17-Nov-2016
Practice Manager/Manager:	Name: Jonathan S. Kamkwala (PMGR)	Date: 17-Nov-2016

¹ Reminder: The Bank's Disclosure Policy requires that safeguard-related documents be disclosed before appraisal (i) at the InfoShop and (ii) in country, at publicly accessible locations and in a form and language that are accessible to potentially affected persons.