

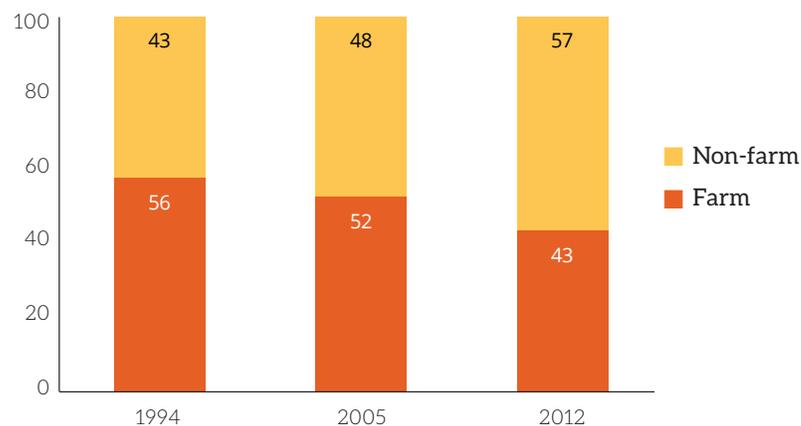
Haryana

Jobs

Haryana's people are increasingly employed in the non-farm sectors of the economy. After 2005, most new jobs in Haryana were created in construction and services. While this has led to rising wage employment in the state, the pace of job creation has been slow. Two-fifths of the workforce is still on the farm. There are very few new jobs for women, many of who have withdrawn from the labor force in large numbers.

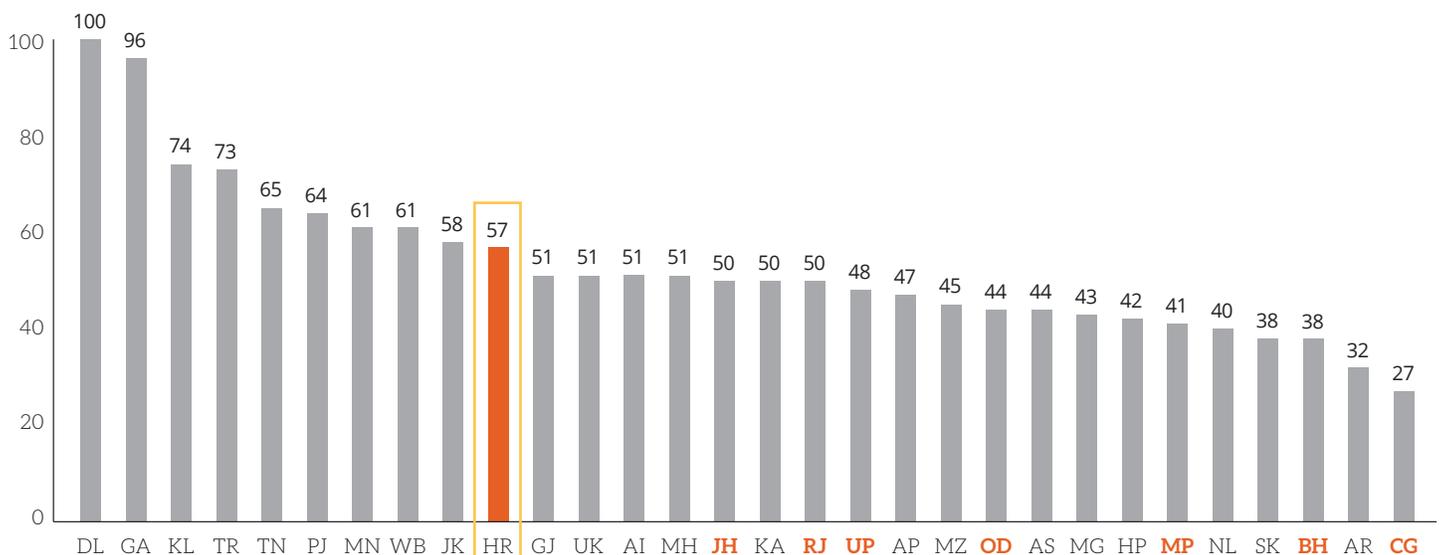
People in Haryana are increasingly moving off the farm

Employment share by sector, (%)



Non-farm employment share in Haryana is higher than the national average

Non-farm employment share, 2012 (%)



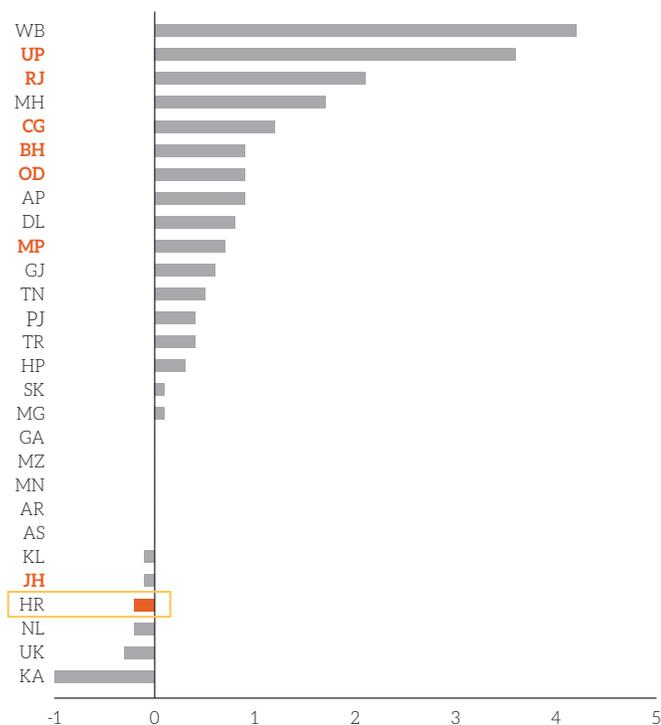
Low Income States are highlighted in orange, AI is All India.

Haryana

Jobs

Job growth in Haryana was negative after 2005

Number of jobs added, 2005-2012 (mn)



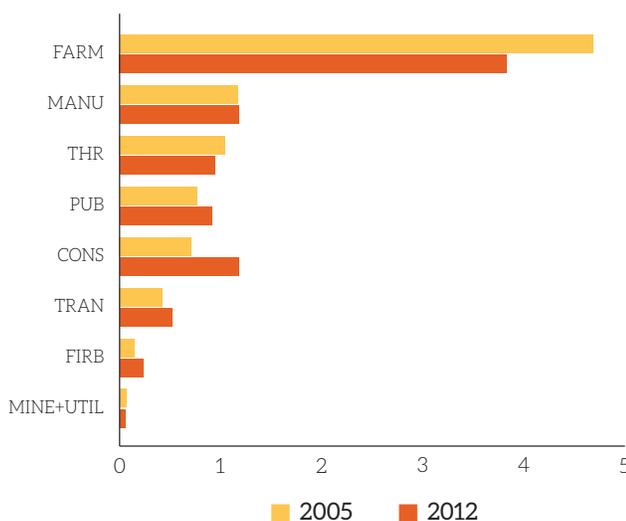
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Annual job growth, 2005-2012 (%)

WB	1.8
UP	0.8
RJ	1.1
MH	0.5
CG	1.6
BH	0.5
OD	0.7
AP	0.3
DL	2.2
MP	0.4
GJ	0.3
TN	0.2
PJ	0.5
TR	4.4
HP	1.3
SK	3.9
MG	0.7
GA	1.3
MZ	1.1
MN	0.1
AR	-0.1
AS	0.0
KL	-0.1
JH	-0.2
HR	-0.3
NL	-3.6
UK	-1.0
KA	-0.5

Construction and services created new jobs in Haryana after 2005

Number of jobs, (mn)



Annual job growth, 2005-2012 (%)

FARM	-3
MANU	0
THR	-2
PUB	3
CONS	7
TRAN	3
FIRB	7
MINE+UTIL	-2

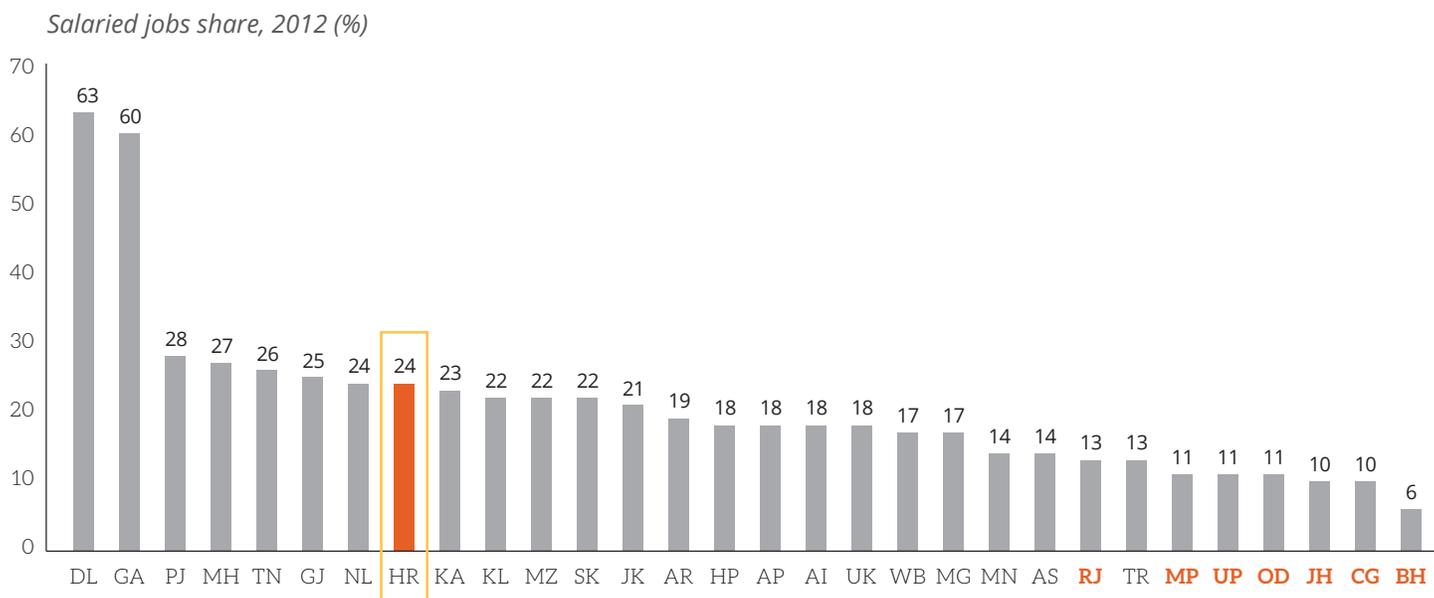
Haryana

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Wage labor, both casual and salaried, increased in Haryana after 2005



One-fourth of the workers in Haryana have salaried jobs, which is higher than the national average

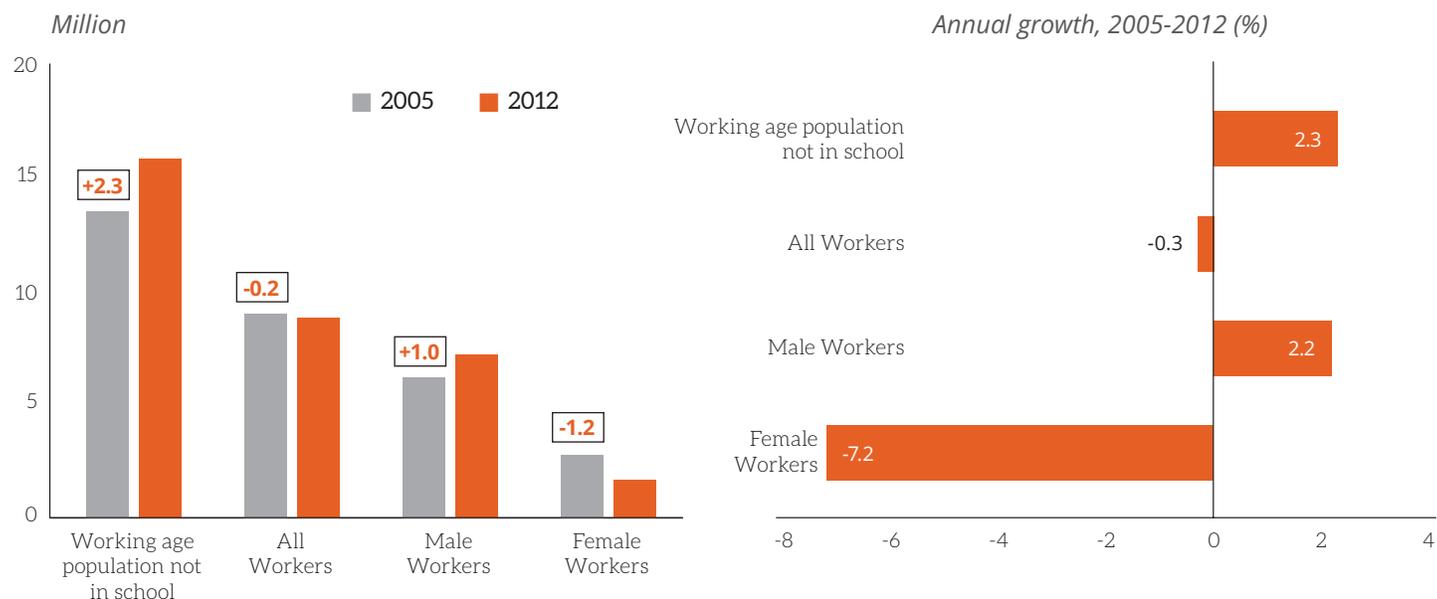


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Haryana

Jobs

Since 2005, most new jobs in Haryana are for men



Sharp decline in female labor force participation in Haryana after 2005

