

POVERTY & SHARED PROSPERITY AT A GLANCE

MOLDOVA

GDP per capita, PPP (current international \$) ¹	3,368 (2012)
GNI per capita, Atlas method (current US\$) ¹	2,070 (2012)
Rural population (% of total population) ¹	52 (2012)
National strategy for statistical development	2012-2015

POVERTY

Population living below national line (%) ¹	16.60 (2012)
Population living below US\$ 1.25 (%) ²	0.21 (2012)
Population living below US\$ 2.5 (%) ²	6.00 (2012)
Population living below US\$ 5.00 (%) ²	46.41 (2012)
Population living above US\$ 10.00 (%) ²	11.65 (2012)
Population living in multidimensional poverty (%) ³	1.90 (2005)

INEQUALITY

Gini index ²	0.29 (2012)
Theil index ²	0.15 (2012)

SHARED PROSPERITY

Welfare definition	Consumption
Period of analysis	2007-2012
Income/consumption growth of bottom 40 ²	2.81%
Income/consumption growth total population ²	-0.06%
Income/consumption growth of top 60 ²	-0.80%
GDP growth ¹	2.85%
Growth of private consumption ¹	1.86%

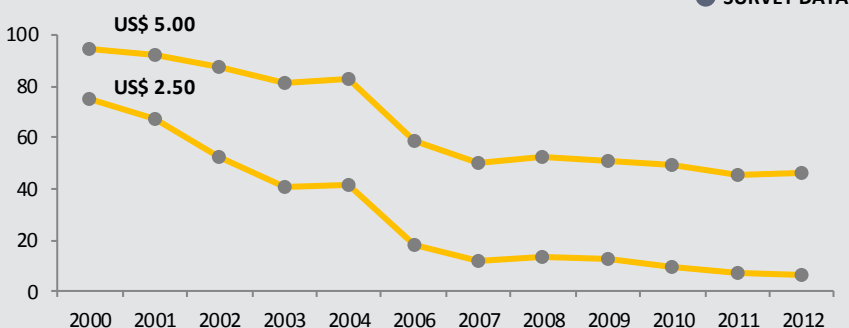
Sources: ¹ WDI. ² ECATSD using ECAPOV. ³ UNDP.



TRENDS

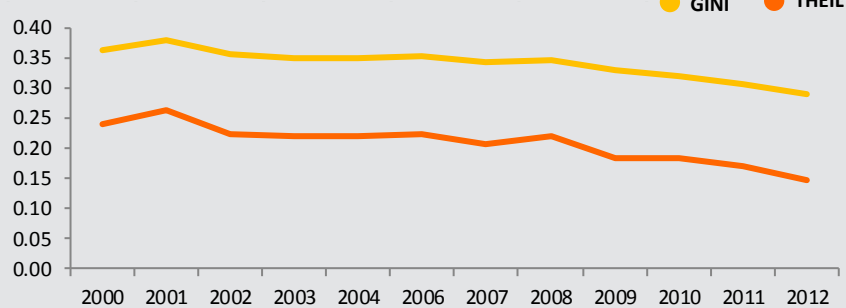
POVERTY HEADCOUNT RATIO, 2000-2012

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.



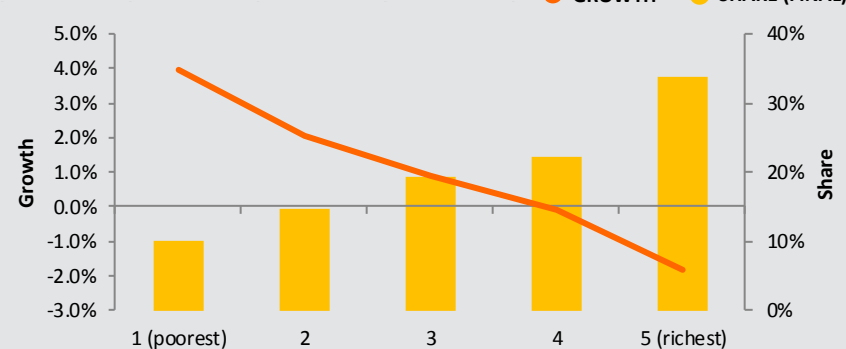
INEQUALITY INDICES, 2000-2012

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.



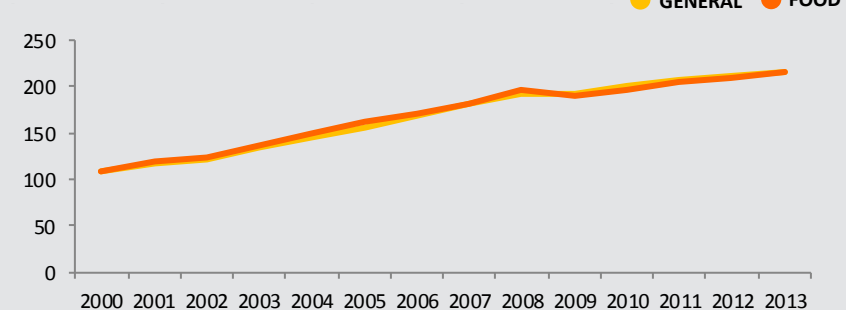
INCOME/CONSUMPTION GROWTH PER CAPITA BY QUINTILE, 2007-2012

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, 2000-2013

Source: National Bureau of Statistics, Moldova. Note: 2000 =100.



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PERFORMANCE

	Value	Global		ECA		Years
		Global	Conditional	ECA	Conditional	
Poverty change (US\$ 2.50)* ¹	-2.14%	84	86	76	73	2006-2011
Income/consumption growth of the bottom 40%** ¹	2.81%	45	99	55	85	2007-2012
UNDP Human Development Index ²	0.660	113/186	-	26/29	-	2012

*Annualized. Benchmarking numbers present percentile performance among indicated distribution group.
 **Conditional* refers to performance when controlling for poverty in the initial period, GDP per capita, fragility index, landlocked country, country growth rate, global growth rate, and frequency of poverty data.
 ***Annualized. Benchmarking numbers present percentile performance among indicated distribution group.
 Conditional refers to percentile performance when controlling for type of welfare measure, GNI per capita 2007-2012, Gini in first period, poverty head count in first period, and country growth rate.

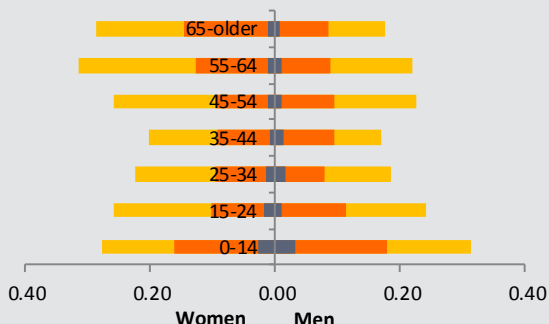
Sources: ¹ ECATSD using ECAPOV. Azevedo and Nguyen (2014). ² UNDP (2013).

DEMOGRAPHICS

- LIVING BELOW US\$ 2.50
- LIVING BETWEEN US\$ 2.50- 5.00
- LIVING ABOVE US\$ 5.00

POPULATION BY AGE AND POVERTY STATUS, 2012 (MILLIONS)

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.

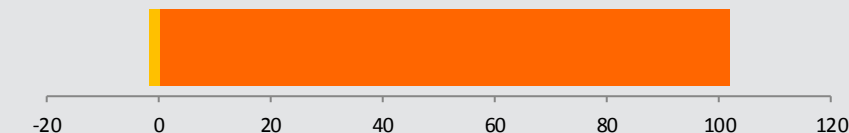


CONTRIBUTORS

- GROWTH
- DISTRIBUTION

% CONTRIBUTION TO POVERTY REDUCTION, (US\$ 2.50), 2007-2012

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.





NATIONAL DATA

Official poverty estimates in Moldova are produced by the National Bureau of Statistics of the Republic of Moldova based on the Household Budget Survey (HBS). The official poverty rate is measured by the population in households which have monthly expenditures per adult equivalent lower than the absolute poverty line, in relation to the total number of population, expressed in percentage. The absolute poverty line represents the value of food expenses which ensure the consumption of 2,282 kcal/person/day, adjusted to the food consumption structure of the households from the 2-4 deciles, and non-food expenses established based on the average structure of households' expenditures. In 2012, the most recent year of published figures, 16.6 percent of the population lived in poverty.* The most recent national strategy for statistical development in Moldova spans the period 2012-2015. The most recent HBS available for Moldova in the World Bank's regional internal microdata catalog, the ECA Data Portal, is for the year 2012.

*Source: National Bureau of Statistics of the Republic of Moldova.



ROMA POPULATION

KEY POVERTY AND INEQUALITY INDICATORS

	Roma	Non-Roma
Absolute poverty rate PPP\$ 4.30 (income)	65%	28%
Absolute poverty rate PPP\$ 4.30	51%	24%
Absolute poverty rate PPP\$ 2.15 (income)	38%	7%
Absolute poverty rate PPP\$ 2.15	21%	3%
Gini coefficient	0.571	0.38
Ratio of richest 20% v. poorest 20%	33.16	7.30
EU material deprivation index:	92%	81%
EU severe material deprivation index:	86%	64%

SOURCES OF INCOME *

(% of monthly total, avg.)

	Roma	Non-Roma
Earnings related to employment	24%	40%
Unemployment benefits	6%	2%
Pensions	24%	43%
Social assistance	6%	2%
Child allowance	4%	1%
Income from other labor	14%	6%
Remittances (money transfers)	21%	6%
Other	2%	0%

HH EXPENDITURES*

(% of monthly total, avg.)

	Roma	Non-Roma
Alcohol and cigarettes	4%	3%
Transportation	4%	5%
Socializing event	1%	1%
Durable goods	0%	1%
Education	1%	2%
Food, everyday household	49%	49%
Clothes (incl. shoes)	5%	7%
Housing (rent and public)	14%	18%
Medicines and medical services	12%	10%

Source: UNDP/WB/EC Roma survey for Moldova (2011).

*Note: Non-Roma data refers to Non-Roma living in the same neighborhoods or vicinity.

KEY INDICATORS

	Total	US\$2.50		US\$5.00		Relative Group		Year
		Poor	Non-Poor	Poor	Non-Poor	Bottom 40%	Top 60%	
Demographics								
Share of total population (%)	100%	6%	94%	46%	54%	40%	60%	2012
% of group living in rural areas	58%	83%	56%	73%	44%	74%	46%	2012
% of group living in urban areas	42%	17%	44%	27%	56%	26%	54%	2012
% of households with 4+ members	24%	52%	22%	35%	16%	37%	17%	2012
Dependency Ratio: Children (0-14)/all HH members	0.26	0.47	0.24	0.35	0.19	0.36	0.20	2012
Dependency Ratio: Elderly 65+/all HH members	0.20	0.17	0.20	0.23	0.18	0.23	0.18	2012
Share of households with Female Head (%)	42%	34%	42%	38%	45%	37%	44%	2012
Average HH size	2.51	3.60	2.46	2.92	2.23	2.99	2.27	2012
Education								
Proportion of group with None/<Primary (%)	6%	11%	6%	9%	4%	9%	4%	2012
Proportion of group with Basic (%)	25%	43%	24%	34%	18%	35%	19%	2012
Proportion of group with Gen sec (%)	20%	20%	20%	21%	20%	20%	20%	2012
Proportion of group with Spec sec (%)	34%	24%	34%	30%	36%	30%	36%	2012
Proportion of group with Tertiary sec (%)	15%	1%	16%	6%	22%	5%	20%	2012
Access to Economic Opportunities								
Labor force participation rate (% of population aged 15-64)	79%	81%	79%	82%	77%	82%	77%	2012
Unemployment (% of population aged 15-64)	3%	2%	3%	3%	2%	3%	3%	2012
Self-employed (% of population aged 15-64)	47%	67%	46%	59%	39%	60%	40%	2012
Income								
Share of income from pensions (%)	31%	32%	31%	39%	26%	38%	27%	2012
Share of income from labor (%)	38%	31%	39%	33%	42%	33%	41%	2012
Access to Basic Services								
Central heating (% of HHs)	15%	3%	16%	6%	25%	6%	23%	2012
Access to gas (% of HHs)	97%	93%	97%	97%	96%	97%	97%	2012
Access to piped water in house (% of HHs)	62%	43%	63%	53%	71%	51%	71%	2012
Access to sewerage in house (% of HHs)	59%	30%	61%	44%	75%	42%	73%	2012
Access to toilet in house (% of HHs)	35%	7%	38%	20%	53%	18%	50%	2012
Access to electricity (% of HHs)	100%	99%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	2012
Refrigerator (% of HHs)	98%	99%	97%	99%	97%	99%	97%	2012
Home phone (% of HHs)	91%	70%	92%	86%	96%	85%	96%	2012
Cell phone (% of HHs)	83%	55%	86%	77%	90%	75%	90%	2012
Personal computer (% of HHs)	49%	16%	51%	34%	64%	31%	63%	2012
Less than 1.5 people per room (% of HHs)	70%	46%	72%	63%	78%	61%	78%	2012

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.

ABOUT THE DATA

Where possible, data is from harmonized regionally comparable sources. All numbers in this document are produced using the 2005 PPPs, as the use of the 2011 PPPs in the calculation of global poverty estimates still requires additional analysis. This note was produced by the ECA Team for Statistical Development in the Poverty Global Practice at the World Bank Group. All indicators are as of 09/08/14.

QUESTIONS?

Contact the Europe and Central Asia Team for Statistical Development (ecatsd@worldbank.org).