

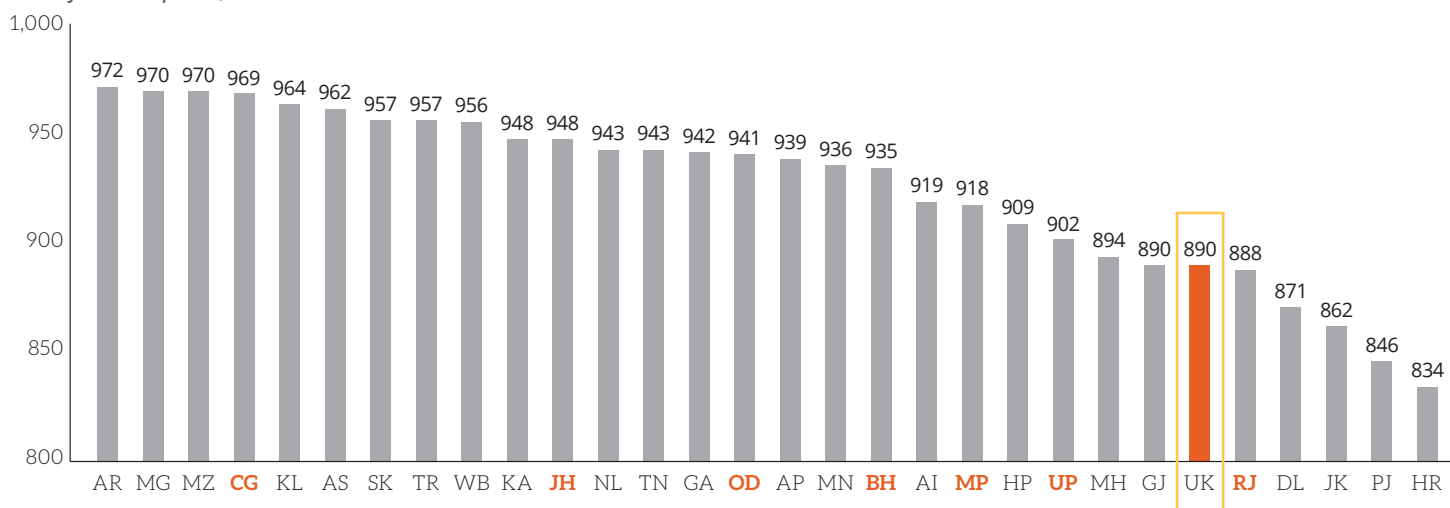
Uttarakhand

Gender

Uttarakhand's women face many barriers to progress. The state's child sex ratio, already lower than in most other states, is getting worse. By contrast, maternal mortality, which is among the highest in the country, is improving. While more adult women in Uttarakhand have completed secondary school than the national average, they lag behind the state's adult men in schooling. Today, more and more of the state's women are withdrawing from the labor force. This is especially true in rural areas where women predominantly work in farming. Very few urban women work but, where they do, the type of jobs they hold are similar to those held by men.

Uttarakhand's child sex ratio is among the lowest in the country

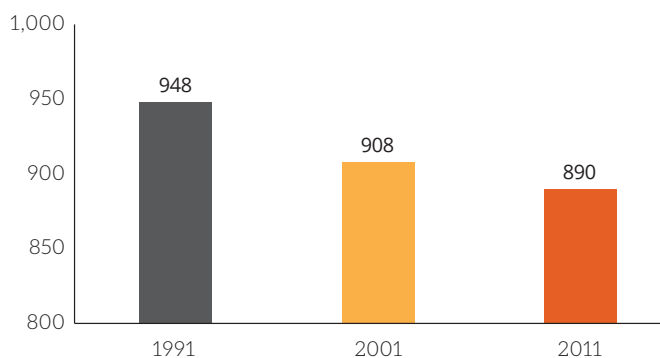
Child sex ratio, 2011 (age 0-6)
females per 1,000 males



Low Income States are highlighted in orange, AI is All India.

Child sex ratio has been worsening in Uttarakhand

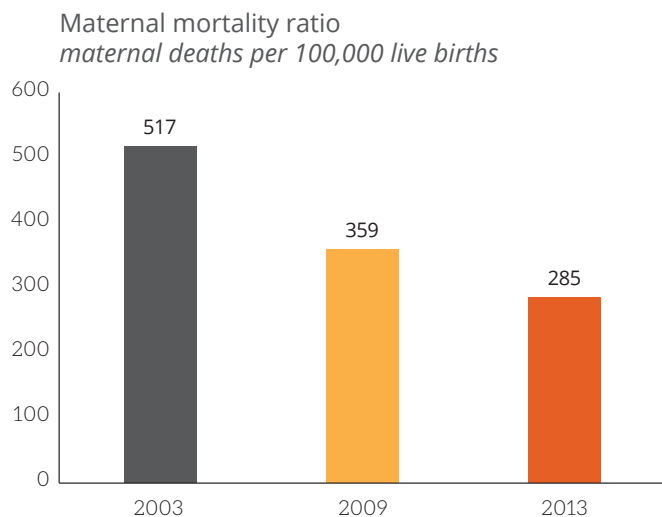
Child sex ratio, (age 0-6)
females per 1,000 males



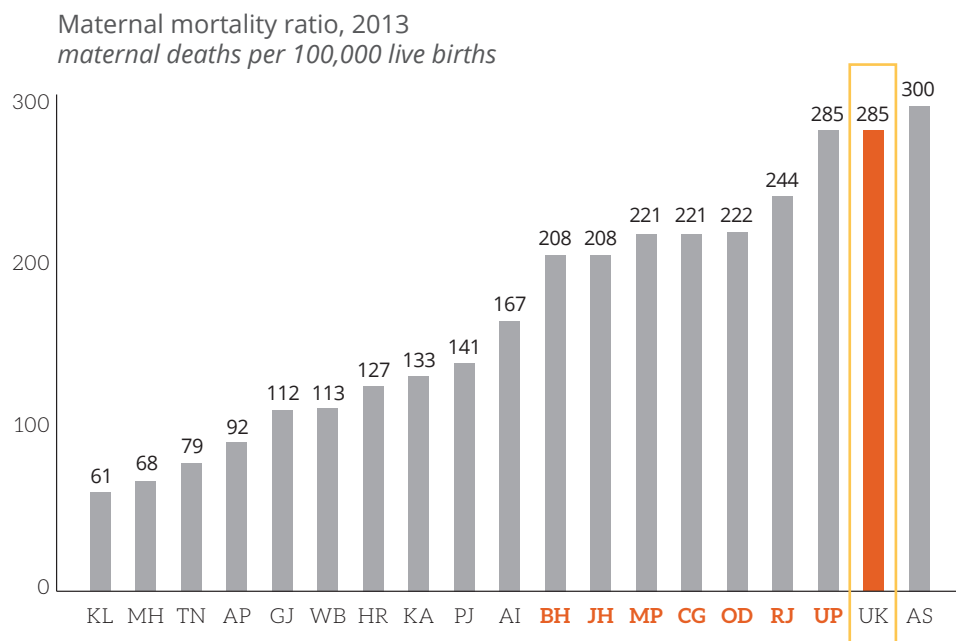
Uttarakhand

Gender

Maternal mortality is declining in Uttarakhand



Uttarakhand has one of the highest maternal mortality ratios in the country



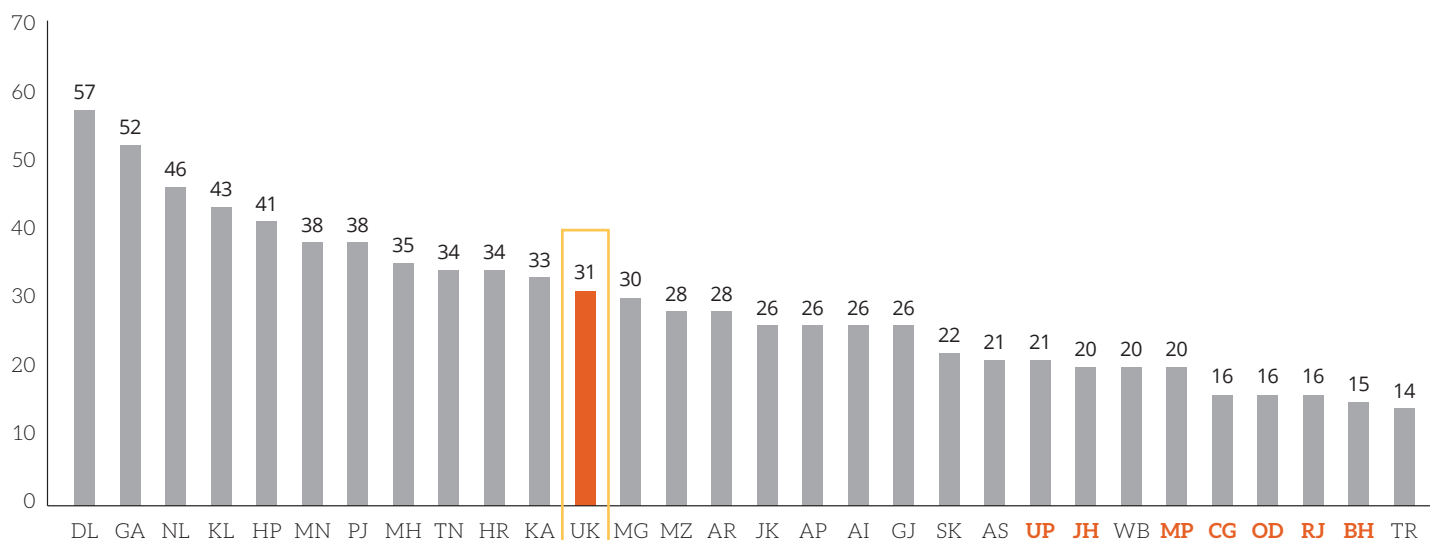
Data for 19 large states and All India.
Low income states are highlighted in orange and AI is All India.

Uttarakhand

Gender

The share of women with secondary schooling in Uttarakhand is above the national average

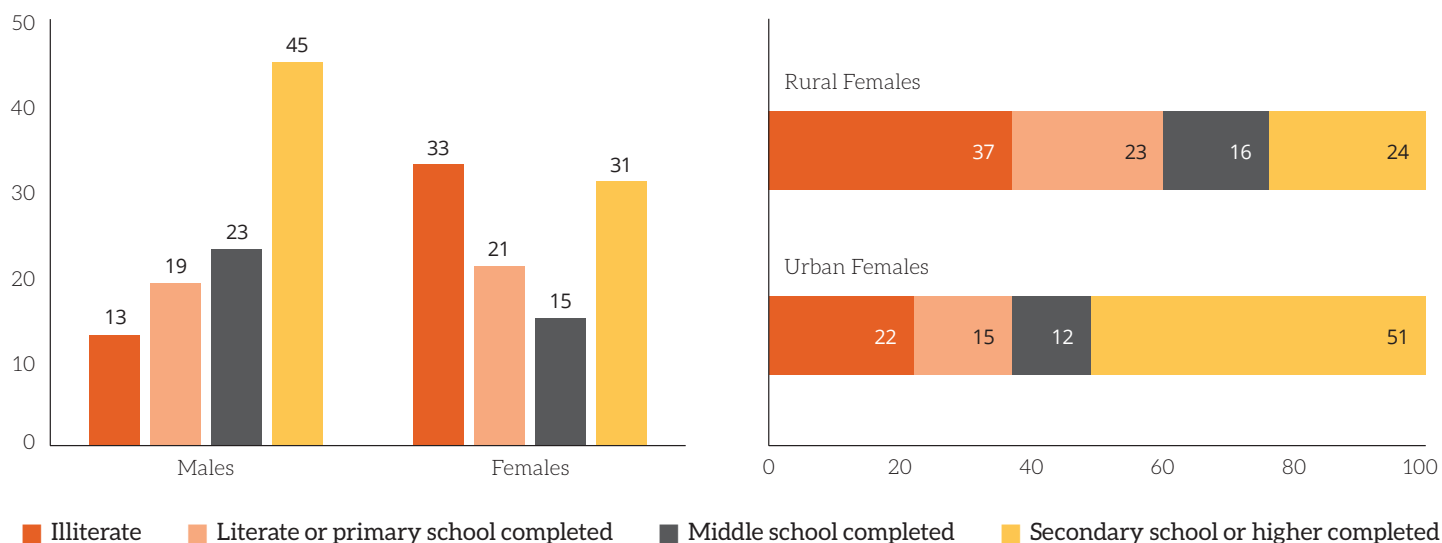
Secondary education attainment among women, 2012 (% adults)



Low Income States are highlighted in orange, AI is All India.

Gender disparities in schooling among adults in Uttarakhand, rural women lag behind urban

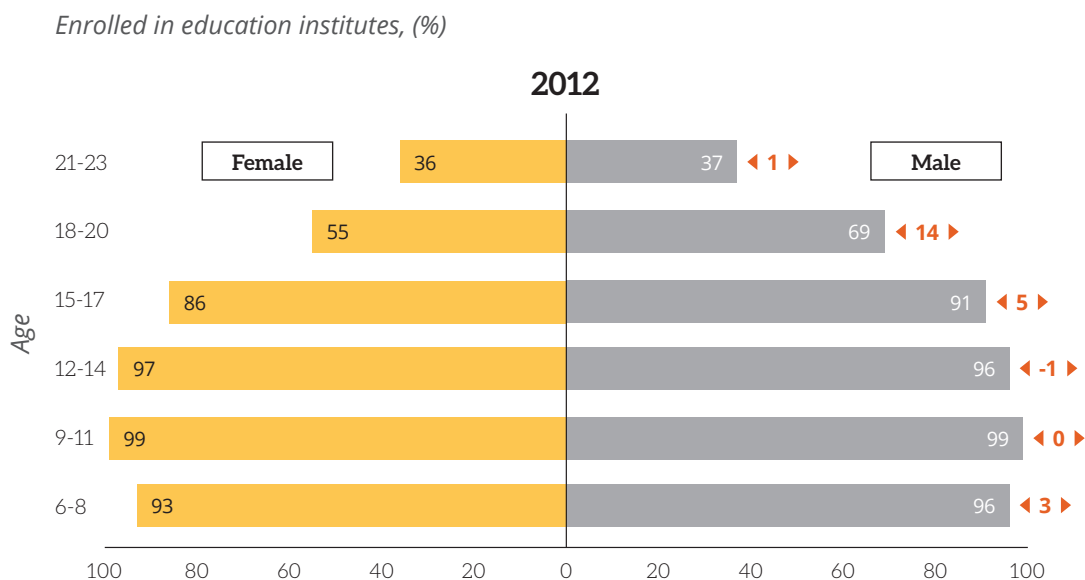
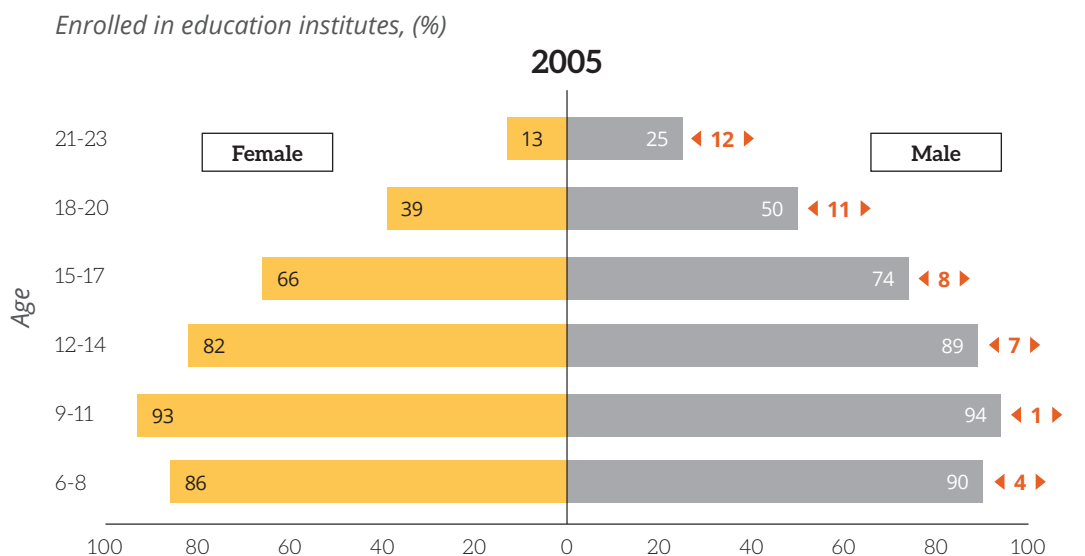
Education attainment, 2012 (% adults)



Uttarakhand

Gender

Gender gaps in schooling are narrowing for the young

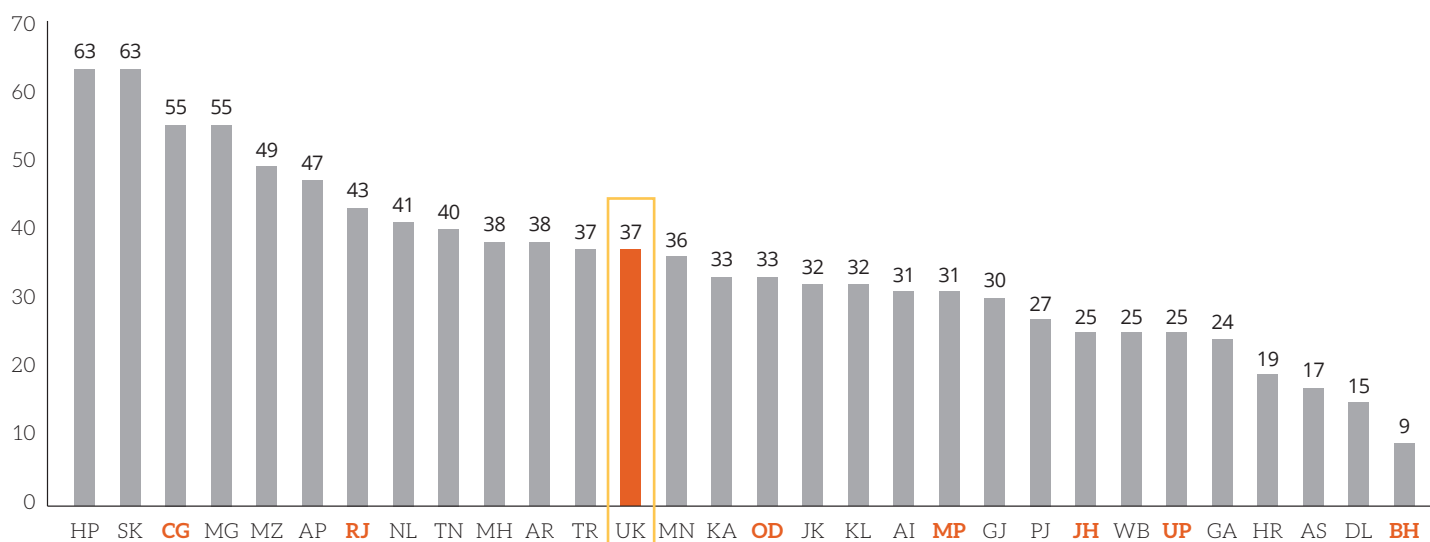


Uttarakhand

Gender

Female labor force participation in Uttarakhand is above the national average

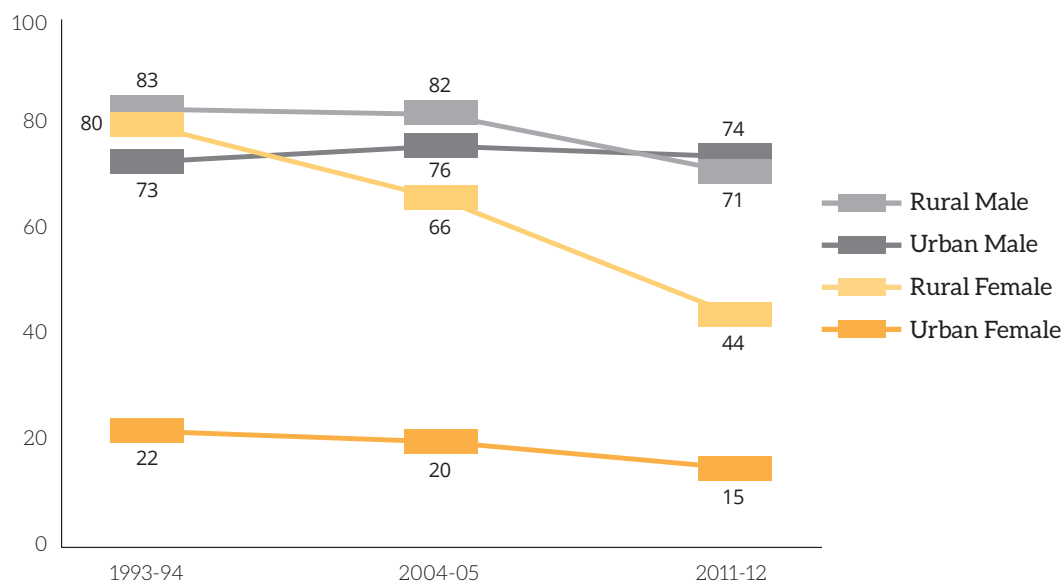
Female labor force participation rate, 2012 (%)



Low Income States are highlighted in orange, AI is All India.

Sharp decline in female labor force participation in Uttarakhand since 1994, especially in rural areas

Labor force participation rate, (%)

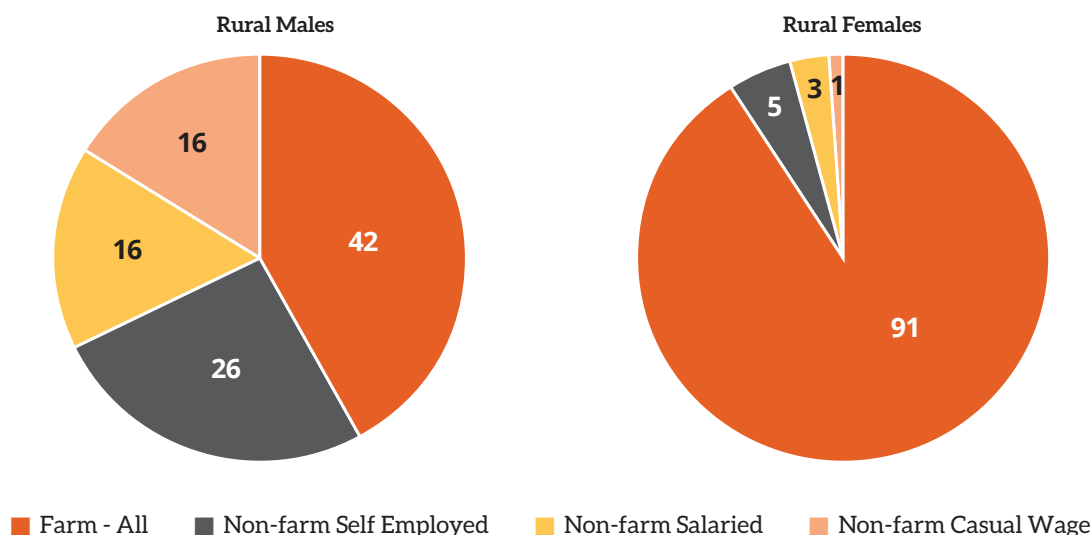


Uttarakhand

Gender

Rural women in Uttarakhand work mainly in farming, more non-farm jobs for rural men

Share of employed, 2012 (%)



When urban women work, they do similar jobs as urban men

Share of employed, 2012 (%)

