

POVERTY & SHARED PROSPERITY AT A GLANCE

MONTENEGRO

GDP per capita, PPP (current international \$) ¹	14,358 (2012)
GNI per capita, Atlas method (current US\$) ¹	7,220 (2012)
Rural population (% of total population) ¹	37 (2012)
National strategy for statistical development	2009-2013

POVERTY

Population living below national line (%) ¹	11.30 (2012)
Population living below US\$ 1.25 (%) ²	0.21 (2011)
Population living below US\$ 2.5 (%) ²	1.41 (2011)
Population living below US\$ 5.00 (%) ²	17.32 (2011)
Population living above US\$ 10.00 (%) ²	34.38 (2011)
Population living in multidimensional poverty (%) ³	1.50 (2005/)

INEQUALITY

Gini index ²	0.31 (2011)
Theil index ²	0.17 (2011)

SHARED PROSPERITY

Welfare definition	Consumption
Period of analysis	2006-2011
Income/consumption growth of bottom 40 ²	2.50%
Income/consumption growth total population ²	2.80%
Income/consumption growth of top 60 ²	2.89%
GDP growth ¹	3.25%
Growth of private consumption ¹	

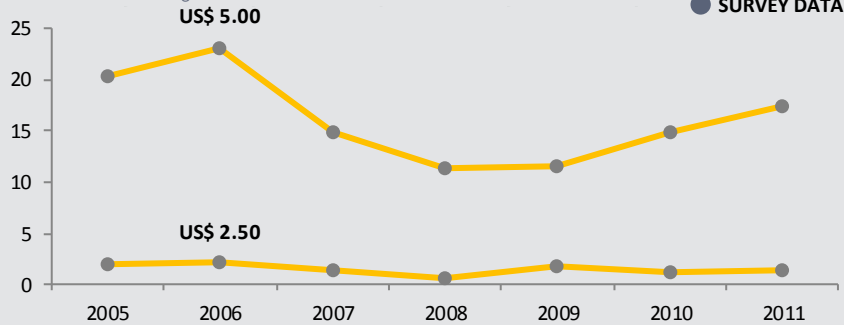
Sources: ¹ WDI. ² ECATSD using ECAPOV. ³ UNDP.



TRENDS

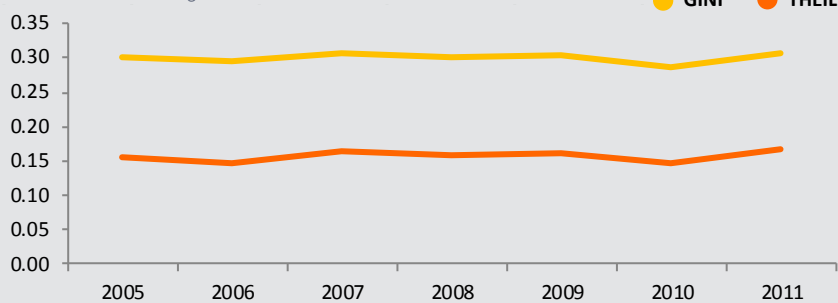
POVERTY HEADCOUNT RATIO, 2005-2011

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.



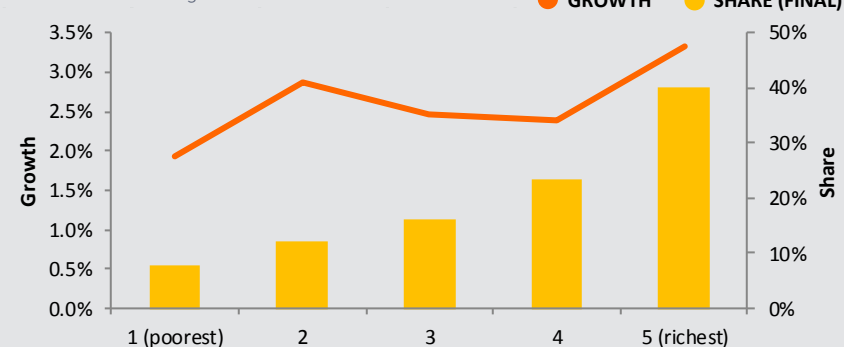
INEQUALITY INDICES, 2005-2011

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.



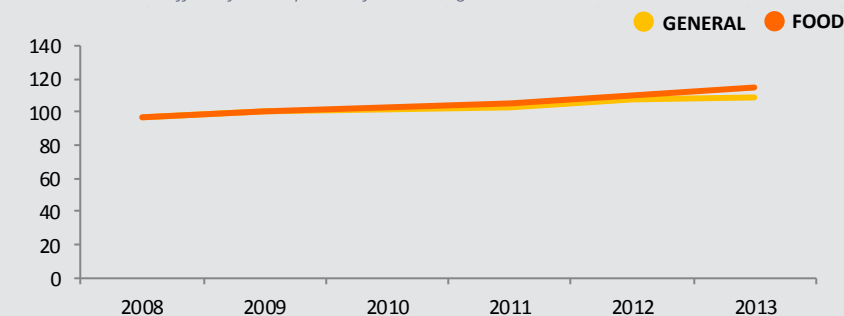
INCOME/CONSUMPTION GROWTH PER CAPITA BY QUINTILE, 2006-2011

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, 2008-2013

Source: Statistical office of the Republic of Montenegro. Note: 2009 = 100.



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PERFORMANCE

	Value	Global		ECA		Years
		Global	Conditional	ECA	Conditional	
Poverty change (US\$ 2.50)* ¹	-0.16%	33	3	46	68	2006-2011
Income/consumption growth of the bottom 40%** ¹	2.50%	41	99	51	97	2006-2011
UNDP Human Development Index ²	0.791	52/186	-	11/29	-	2012

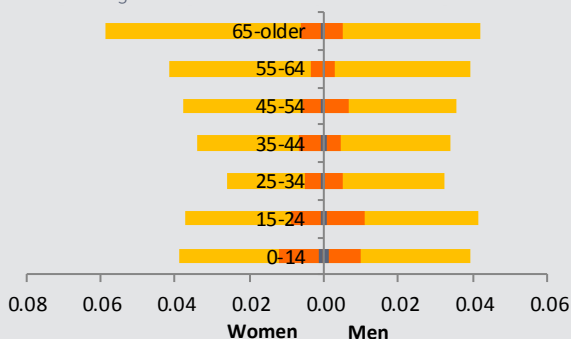
*Annualized. Benchmarking numbers present percentile performance among indicated distribution group. "Conditional" refer to performance when controlling for poverty in the initial period, GDP per capita, fragility index, landlocked country, country growth rate, global growth rate, and frequency of poverty data.
 **Annualized. Benchmarking numbers present percentile performance among indicated distribution group. "Conditional" refer to percentile performance when controlling for type of welfare measure, GNI per capita 2012, Gni in first period, poverty head count in first period, and country growth rate.
 Sources: ¹ ECATSD using ECAPOV. Azevedo and Nguyen (2014). ² UNDP (2013).

DEMOGRAPHICS

- LIVING BELOW US\$ 2.50
- LIVING BETWEEN US\$ 2.50- 5.00
- LIVING ABOVE US\$ 5.00

POPULATION BY AGE AND POVERTY STATUS, 2011 (MILLIONS)

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.

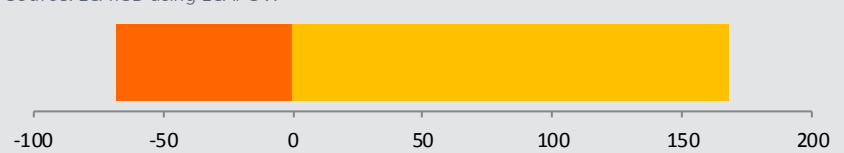


CONTRIBUTORS

- GROWTH
- DISTRIBUTION

% CONTRIBUTION TO POVERTY REDUCTION, (US\$ 2.50), 2006-2011

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.



National poverty estimates in Montenegro are produced by the Statistical Office of Montenegro (MONSTAT) based on the annual Household Budget Survey (HBS). The methodology for poverty estimation is based on an absolute poverty line, estimated at 182.43 Euros per equivalent adult per month in 2012. In 2012, the most recent year of published figures, 11.3% of the population lived in poverty.* The most recent national strategy for statistical development in Montenegro is the Programme of Statistical Surveys 2009-2013, oriented to improve the quality of the surveys. The most recent HBS available for Montenegro in the World Bank's regional internal microdata catalog, the ECA Data Portal, is for the year 2011.

*Source: Statistical Office of Montenegro (MONSTAT).


ROMA POPULATION
KEY POVERTY AND INEQUALITY INDICATORS Roma Non-Roma

Absolute poverty rate PPP\$ 4.30 (income)	29%	5%
Absolute poverty rate PPP\$ 4.30	25%	5%
Absolute poverty rate PPP\$ 2.15 (income)	6%	1%
Absolute poverty rate PPP\$ 2.15	5%	1%
Gini coefficient	0.427	0.45
Ratio of richest 20% v. poorest 20%	8.021	9.42
EU material deprivation index:	94%	68%
EU severe material deprivation index:	86%	52%

SOURCES OF INCOME *

(% of monthly total, avg.)	Roma	Non-Roma
Earnings related to employment	40%	60%
Unemployment benefits	0%	0%
Pensions	8%	23%
Social assistance	23%	7%
Child allowance	5%	2%
Income from other labor	15%	4%
Remittances (money transfers)	10%	3%
Other	0%	1%

HH EXPENDITURES*

(% of monthly total, avg.)	Roma	Non-Roma
Alcohol and cigarettes	9%	7%
Transportation	5%	7%
Socializing event	0%	4%
Durable goods	0%	0%
Education	0%	2%
Food, everyday household	64%	55%
Clothes (incl. shoes)	2%	5%
Housing (rent and public)	8%	10%
Medicines and medical services	3%	3%

Source: UNDP/WB/EC Roma survey for Montenegro (2011).

*Note: Non-Roma data refers to Non-Roma living in the same neighborhoods or vicinity.

KEY INDICATORS

	Total	US\$2.50		US\$5.00		Relative Group		Year
		Poor	Non-Poor	Poor	Non-Poor	Bottom 40%	Top 60%	
Demographics								
Share of total population (%)	100%	1%	99%	17%	83%	40%	60%	2011
% of group living in rural areas	34%	48%	34%	48%	32%	42%	29%	2011
% of group living in urban areas	66%	52%	66%	52%	68%	58%	71%	2011
% of households with 4+ members	38%	38%	38%	70%	34%	59%	29%	2011
Dependency Ratio: Children (0-14)/all HH members	0.22	0.56	0.21	0.37	0.19	0.28	0.18	2011
Dependency Ratio: Elderly 65+/all HH members	0.28	0.11	0.28	0.19	0.30	0.22	0.32	2011
Share of households with Female Head (%)	27%		28%	18%	29%	21%	30%	2011
Average HH size	3.02		3.01	4.51	2.83	3.97	2.61	2011
Education								
Proportion of group with None/<Primary (%)	2%	10%	2%	4%	2%	4%	1%	2011
Proportion of group with Basic (%)	7%	15%	7%	10%	6%	9%	6%	2011
Proportion of group with Gen sec (%)	21%	35%	20%	31%	19%	27%	16%	2011
Proportion of group with Spec sec (%)	55%	40%	56%	49%	57%	53%	57%	2011
Proportion of group with Tertiary sec (%)	15%	0%	15%	5%	17%	8%	20%	2011
Access to Economic Opportunities								
Labor force participation rate (% of population aged 15-64)	70%	79%	70%	77%	69%	74%	68%	2011
Unemployment (% of population aged 15-64)	33%		33%	51%	29%	45%	25%	2011
Self-employed (% of population aged 15-64)	15%		15%	32%	13%	24%	11%	2011
Income								
Share of income from pensions (%)								
Share of income from labor (%)								
Access to Basic Services								
Central heating (% of HHs)	2%	0%	2%	0%	2%	1%	2%	2011
Access to gas (% of HHs)								
Access to piped water in house (% of HHs)	91%	76%	92%	85%	93%	87%	95%	2011
Access to sewerage in house (% of HHs)	90%	69%	90%	82%	92%	85%	94%	2011
Access to toilet in house (% of HHs)	91%	66%	92%	80%	94%	85%	96%	2011
Access to electricity (% of HHs)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	2011
Refrigerator (% of HHs)	88%	44%	89%	72%	92%	80%	95%	2011
Home phone (% of HHs)	61%	24%	61%	38%	67%	48%	71%	2011
Cell phone (% of HHs)	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	97%	99%	2011
Personal computer (% of HHs)	46%	3%	47%	16%	55%	32%	59%	2011
Less than 1.5 people per room (% of HHs)	36%	10%	36%	11%	43%	20%	49%	2011

Source: ECATSD using ECAPOV.

ABOUT THE DATA

Where possible, data is from harmonized regionally comparable sources. All numbers in this document are produced using the 2005 PPPs, as the use of the 2011 PPPs in the calculation of global poverty estimates still requires additional analysis. This note was produced by the ECA Team for Statistical Development in the Poverty Global Practice at the World Bank Group. All indicators are as of 09/08/14.

QUESTIONS?

Contact the Europe and Central Asia Team for Statistical Development (ecatdsd@worldbank.org).