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Table Kn1. Knowledge of Actions to Reduce Exposure, Percent

	Rural	Urban	National
Wash hands	99.3	99.9	99.5
Use gloves	60.8	77.0	66.2
Avoid travel	83.3	93.1	86.6
Stay home	86.1	94.5	88.9
Avoid gatherings	85.6	94.6	88.6
Self-distance	92.7	98.2	94.6
Avoid touching face	85.3	97.3	89.3

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Table Kn2. Knowledge of Actions taken by the Government to Reduce Contracting COVID-19

	Rural	Urban	National
Knowledge of any government action	91.9	96.0	93.2
Advised citizens	40.1	45.0	41.7
Restricted travel: domestic	22.3	18.7	21.1
Restricted travel: international	6.1	5.0	5.7
Closed schools, universities	31.1	29.7	30.7
Advised to close everything and stay home	17.7	7.8	14.4
Closed non-essential business	7.7	15.3	10.2
Built more hospitals, facilities	1.3	4.0	2.2
Provided food assistance to the needy	9.8	13.0	10.9
Opened clinics and testing locations	1.4	4.0	2.3
Limited social gatherings	77.6	82.7	79.3
Disseminated knowledge	16.1	40.8	24.3
Setup handwashing kiosks	17.9	43.9	26.6

Note: Actions are based on the respondents' recall.

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Table Beh1. Changes in Behavior to Reduce Exposure, Percent

	Rural	Urban	National
Wash hands more frequently	98.1	99.1	98.4
Avoid handshaking and physical greetings	95.8	96.6	96.1
Avoid gatherings	81.3	87.1	83.2

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Table Acc1. Households Ability to Buy Certain Items

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Medicine	63.7	81.0	70.8
Teff	60.2	78.8	67.6
Wheat	76.3	88.8	81.5
Maize	86.9	82.7	85.7
Edible Oil	74.4	84.4	77.3

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Acc2. Reasons for Household Inability to Buy Certain Items, Percent

	Round-1					
	Shops have run out of stocks	Local markets not operating	Limited/no transportation & restriction to go outside	Increase in price	Decrease in regular income	Other
Medicines	5.3	1.9	6.8	13.9	67.6	4.5
Teff	1.5	4.3	1.3	28.5	58.8	5.6
Wheat	3.2	6.2	3.9	40.3	39.3	7.2
Maize	2.4	10.1	2.8	35.8	37.8	11.2
Oil	6.5	10.1	4.0	43.4	29.4	6.6

Note: Values are out of those households who reported that they were not able to buy certain items in the week preceding the survey
Approximately 14% to 32% reported inability to buy certain items

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Table Acc3. Households Inability to Buy Certain Items, Percent			
Round-1			
	Rural	Urban	National
Shops have run out of stock	5.9	10.9	7.1
Local markets not operating	9.1	3.5	7.8
Limited/no transportation & restriction t	4.8	2.9	4.3
Increase in price	40.1	42.2	40.6
Decrease in regular income	34.2	39.0	35.3
Other	6.0	1.6	4.9

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Table Acc4. Reason for Household Inability to Buy Certain Items, by Bottom 40%, Percent		
	Round-1	
	Bottom 40%	Top 60%
Shops have run out of stocks	5.8	8.6
Local markets not operating	8.8	6.6
Limited/no transportation & restriction to go outside	2.0	6.9
Increase in price	44.5	36.2
Decrease in regular income	30.2	41.0
Other	8.7	0.7

[Back to Table of Contents](#)**Table Edu1a. Children Schooling Status Before the Outbreak, Percent**

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Households with school aged children	81.8	64.3	76.0
Households with school attending children	92.2	89.0	91.3
Households with at least one attending girl student before the outbreak	94.2	98.1	95.5
Households with at least one attending boy student before the outbreak	96.8	98.2	97.3

Note: Attendance - out of those reported school aged children; attendance by gender is out of those households who reported at least one member attending

Table Edu1b. Students Learning Activities During the Outbreak, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Yes	12.4	39.0	19.6

[Back to Table of Contents](#)**Table Edu2. Educational Activities Students Engage During School Closures, Percent**

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Session/meeting with lesson teacher (tutor)	5.9	15.2	10.9
Used mobile learning apps	7.6	16.6	12.4
Watched educational TV programs	8.6	34.4	22.5
Completed assignments provided by the teacher	6.7	37.6	23.3
Listened to educational programs on radio	84.4	19.1	49.3

Note: Values are for those households who reported any learning activity in Table Edu1

[Back to Table of Contents](#)**Table Edu3a. Any Learning Activity, by Bottom 40%, Percent**

	Round-1	
	Bottom 40%	Top 60%
Session/meeting with lesson teacher (tutor)	7.7	12.5
Used mobile learning apps	9.6	13.9
Watched educational TV programs	11.6	28.0
Completed assignments provided by the teacher	12.1	29.1
Listened to educational programs on radio	69.8	38.7
Any Learning Activity	0.1	0.3

Note: Values are for those households who reported any learning activity in Table Edu1

Table Edu3b. Any Learning Activity, by Consumption Quintile, Percent

	Round-1				
	Q1:Poorest	Q2:Poorer	Q3:Middle	Q4:Richer	Q5:Richest
Rural	11.5	9.6	13.3	17.4	14.8
Urban	34.9	31.9	32.4	37.8	51.1
National	13.8	13.2	18.1	27.1	37.5

Note: Values are for those households who reported any learning activity in Table Edu1

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Table Health. Healthcare Services Access, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Households needing medical treatment after the outbreak	15.3	20.6	17.0
Households needing and accessing medical treatment	81.1	92.6	85.7

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Table Inc1. Household Income Sources, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Farming, Livestock, Fishing	83.0	23.7	63.4
Non-Farm Business	16.4	31.1	21.3
Wage-Employment	12.6	47.1	24.0
Remittances from Within Country	2.7	10.3	5.2
Remittances from Abroad	3.6	6.0	4.4
Income from Property, Investment and Savings	5.4	11.9	7.5
Pension	0.1	5.3	1.8
Government Assistance	11.9	4.0	9.3
Assistance from NGO or Charitable Organization	4.2	1.1	3.2
Other Sources	0.0	0.0	0.0

Note: Values do not sum to 100 because some households reported more than one income source.

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Table Inc2. Income Source, by Change Status, Percent

	Round 1			
	Increased	Stayed the same	Reduced	Total Loss
Farming, livestock, fishing	1.9	56.8	39.6	1.8
Non-farm business	1.2	13.6	57.6	27.5
Wage-Employment	0.6	65.0	22.8	11.7
Remittances from within Ethiopia	3.1	52.1	33.1	11.7
Remittances from abroad	1.0	36.5	23.8	38.7
Income from properties, investments and Savings	2.4	55.9	33.9	7.9
Pension	0.6	95.4	3.9	0.1
Government assistance	12.5	60.2	13.1	14.3
Assistance from NGO or charitable organization	15.4	42.8	20.2	21.6

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Table Inc3. Changes in Total Income since the Outbreak, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Increased	1.6	0.9	1.3
Stayed the same	46.7	38.6	44.1
Reduced	49.8	52.4	50.7
Total (100%) loss	1.8	8.1	3.9

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Table Inc4. Total Household Income Change since the Outbreak by Consumption Quintile, Percent					
Round-1					
	Q1:Poorest	Q2:Poorer	Q3:Middle	Q4:Richer	Q5:Richest
Increased	1.2	2.0	1.6	0.7	1.1
Stayed the same	44.6	44.8	40.2	44.7	46.4
Reduced	52.8	48.2	54.8	49.8	46.9
Total (100%) loss	1.2	5.0	3.4	4.5	5.6

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Table Cop1. Coping Strategies, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Sale of assets (Agricultural and Non-agricultural)	5.9	0.7	4.0
Engaged in additional income generating activities	2.9	2.6	2.8
Received assistance from friends & family	0.9	7.3	3.2
Borrowed from friends & family	4.0	3.7	3.8
Reduced food consumption	11.0	16.0	12.8
Reduced nonfood consumption	9.1	11.5	10.0
Relied on savings	11.3	33.8	19.5
Did nothing	59.1	48.4	55.2
All others	5.9	2.4	4.6

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Table Cop2. Coping Strategies by Consumption Quintile, Percent

	Round-1	
	Bottom40%	Top60%
Sale of assets (Agricultural and Non-agricultural)	5.4	3.0
Engaged in additional income generating activities	3.5	2.4
Received assistance from friends & family	2.3	3.8
Borrowed from friends & family	4.0	3.7
Reduced food consumption	12.1	13.3
Reduced nonfood consumption	10.7	9.5
Relied on savings	12.0	24.7
Did nothing	60.0	52.0
All others	4.1	5.0

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Table FS1. Household Food Insecurity Experience in Last 30 Days, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Household ran out of food	24.2	22.0	23.5
Adult hungry but didn't eat	21.7	20.5	21.3
Adult went without eating for whole day	14.5	12.5	13.9

Note: The food insecurity experience by any adult household member for the 30 days

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Table FS2. Household Food Insecurity Experience by Consumption Quintile, Percent

	Round-1				
	Q1: Poorest	Q2: Poorer	Q3: Middle	Q4: Richer	Q5: Richest
Household ran out of food	29.8	28.3	25.8	16.7	15.0
Adult hungry but didn't eat	24.3	25.2	23.7	17.3	14.8
Adult went without eating for whole day	19.6	16.5	15.3	9.1	7.4

Note: The food insecurity experience by any adult household member for the 30 days

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	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Household received assistance: Any source	10.1	3.1	7.8

Table Aid1a. Assistance type- Unconditional, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Free food	4.4	2.1	3.7
Food or cash for work	1.7	0.2	1.2
Direct cash transfer	4.0	1.0	3.0

Table Aid1b. Assistance Type Conditional on Assistance Received, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Free food	44.1	67.7	47.2
Food or cash for work	16.9	7.9	15.7
Direct cash transfer	39.4	33.5	38.6

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Table Aid2b. Assistance source (percent)			
	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Government	7.6	2.7	6.0
NGO	1.4	0.0	0.9
Religious Organization	0.4	0.3	0.4
Volunteer/youth	0.6	0.4	0.5

Table Aid2c. Assistance Source - Conditional on Assistance Received, Percent			
	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Government	76.0	82.6	76.9
NGO	13.6	0.2	11.8
Religious Organization	4.2	4.1	4.2
Volunteer/Youth Organization	6.1	12.4	7.0

Table Aid2c. Average Assistance Amount in Birr per Recipient Household, Percent			
	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Assistance Amount	725.5	777.7	734.1

Note: Values are conditional on assistance received

Table xx: Assistance source (conditional on assistance received) (percent)

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	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Currently Working	62.9	64.5	63.4
Currently Not Working	37.1	35.5	36.6

Table E1b. Pre-COVID Employment Status for Currently Not Working, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Previously Working	18.6	42.3	26.0
Previously Not Working	81.4	57.7	74.0

Table E1c. Reasons for Stopping Work, Percent

	Round -1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Lost job due to COVID	61.2	64.3	62.8
Seasonal/casual work	27.4	11.2	19.2
Temporarily absent	9.0	13.7	11.4
Other reasons	2.4	10.7	6.6

Table E1d. Reasons for Stopping Work if Previously Working by Consumption

	Round 1		
	Bottom40%	Top60%	All
Lost job due to COVID	62.3	63.0	62.8
Seasonal/casual work	28.0	15.3	19.2
Temporarily absent	5.8	13.9	11.4
Other reasons	3.9	7.9	6.6

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Table E2a. Sector in Current work, Percent

Round-1										
	Agriculture	Industry/ manufacturing	Wholesale and retail trade	Transport services: taxi, bus, bajaj	Restaurants, hotels, bars, cafes	Public administration (government)	Personal services: beauty or hair salons	Construction	Education and Health	Other
Rural	84.0	0.7	2.9	2.2	0.6	4.5	3.3	1.0	0.2	0.6
Urban	21.1	9.4	16.1	4.7	4.9	21.6	8.5	9.1	3.0	1.5
National	62.5	3.7	7.4	3.0	2.1	10.4	5.1	3.8	1.1	0.9

Table E2b. Sector in Previous Work, Percent, Percent

Round -1										
	Agriculture	Industry/ manufacturing	Wholesale and retail trade	Transport services: taxi, bus, bajaj	Restaurants, hotels, bars, cafes	Public administration (government)	Personal services: beauty or hair salons	Construction	Education and Health	Other
Rural	39.1	5.0	14.9	3.0	5.9	4.5	11.4	11.7	2.0	2.4
Urban	8.6	8.6	27.4	7.5	11.7	1.0	13.8	14.4	4.2	2.7
National	23.9	6.8	21.2	5.3	8.8	2.8	12.6	13.0	3.1	2.5

Table E2c. Sector in Previous Work for COVID-related Job Loss, Percent

Round-1										
	Agriculture	Industry/ manufacturing	Wholesale and retail trade	Transport services: taxi, bus, bajaj	Restaurants, hotels, bars, cafes	Public administration (government)	Personal services: beauty or hair salons	Construction	Education and Health	Other
Rural	44.8	0.0	21.6	0.3	10.8	1.5	7.8	9.6	3.6	0.0
Urban	1.8	9.8	29.2	8.4	14.1	17.5	13.9	2.9	2.3	2.1
National	22.8	5.1	25.7	4.5	12.6	12.9	11.9	3.3	1.2	1.1

0.45497 0.21879 0.00346 0.10916 0.07945 0.09756 0.0366 0.03606

0.0
0.0
0.0

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Table E3a. Employment Status in Current Work, Percent

	Round-1			
	Government Employee	Private Sector Employee	Self-employed, Casual, Family Worker	Others
Rural	4.8	4.3	90.2	0.7
Urban	24.9	16.0	57.0	2.1
National	11.6	8.2	79.0	1.2

Table E3b. Employment Status in Previous Work, Percent

	Round -1			
	Government Employee	Private Sector Employee	Self-employed, Casual, Family Worker	Others
Rural	8.6	12.5	76.2	2.7
Urban	3.2	19.5	74.2	3.2
National	5.9	16.0	75.2	2.9

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Table E4a. Work Status Before and After the Outbreak, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Same - No change	98.6	97.8	98.3
Different	1.4	2.2	1.7

Table E4b. Reasons for Change, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
COVID	49.4	59.6	54.1
Non-COVID	50.6	40.4	45.9

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Table E5a. Work Continuity After the Outbreak, Percent			
	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Work continued normally	73.8	79.0	77.3
Work didn't continue normally	26.2	21.0	22.7

Table E5b. Payment Status After the Outbreak, Percent			
	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Work not normal but paid	37.3	74.4	60.7

Note: Values are out of those who said work didn't continue normally

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Table E6. Household Businesses Before the Outbreak, Percent			
	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Household owned businesses before the outbreak	18.1	30.1	22.1

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Table E7. Sector of Non-Farm Household Business Before the Outbreak, Percent

	Round-1									
	Agriculture	Industry/manufacturing	Wholesale and retail trade	Transport services: taxi, bus, bajaj	Restaurants, hotels, bars, cafes	Public administration (government)	Personal services: beauty or hair salons	Construction	Education and Health	Other
Rural	34.0	6.6	34.0	3.4	5.8	6.8	8.4	1.0	0.1	0.9
Urban	8.6	8.4	46.8	7.2	11.2	11.8	4.7	0.6	0.7	0.7
National	22.6	7.4	39.8	5.1	8.2	9.0	6.7	0.3	0.9	0.8

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Table E8. Changes in Household Business After the Outbreak, Percent

	Round-1			
	Higher than usual	The same as usual	Less than usual	No income
Rural	2.5	28.8	42.5	26.2
Urban	0.7	13.4	67.4	18.5
National	1.7	21.9	53.7	22.8

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Table E9. Reasons for Lower Business Income since COVID-19 Onset, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Usual place of business closed because of coronavirus	45.8	43.8	44.7
Usual place of business closed for reason other than coronavirus	14.2	7.0	10.1
Seasonal closure	9.1	11.1	10.2
No customers	31.2	54.5	44.4
Unable to acquire or transport inputs	12.8	11.2	11.9
Unable to sell or transport outputs	31.0	23.9	27.0

Note: The values are out of those 76.5% of businesses (in Table E8) who reported *Less than Usual* or *No Income*.

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Table E10. Household Member Worked on Family Farm, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Household member worked on family farm	86.2	26.2	66.4

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Table E11. Pre-COVID Wage Employment Status for Non-respondent Household Member, Percent

	Round-1		
	Rural	Urban	National
Other family member employed before the outbreak	6.8	25.5	12.7
<i>Out of those who were employed,</i>			
Lost job after the outbreak- all reasons	30.1	21.1	24.4
<i>Out of those who lost their job,</i>			
Lost job for COVID-related reasons	73.7	89.7	82.4

Note: Other family member is a household member other than the member who responded to the interview

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Table E12a. Respondent Job Loss since COVID by Consumption Quintile, Percent

	Round-1				
	Q1:Poorest	Q2:Poorer	Q3:Middle	Q4:Richer	Q5:Richest
Rural	4.7	13.7	13.0	7.3	10.4
Urban	14.4	13.8	21.3	17.5	19.5
National	6.0	13.8	15.4	12.3	16.6