There is mixed progress on health and education in Chhattisgarh. Infant mortality rate is declining, but is still high. Malnutrition and open defecation rates are high, even among the rich. Most adults have only a few years of schooling. While improvements in schooling for the younger generation are a bright spot, better learning outcomes have not followed. Enrollment in public schools remains high.
Malnutrition in Chhattisgarh is higher than in most states

Malnutrition is high across most income groups in Chhattisgarh
Open defecation in Chhattisgarh is among the highest in the country

*Households practicing open defecation, 2012 (%)*

Low Income States are highlighted in orange, AI is All India.

Open defecation is high in Chhattisgarh for richer households too

*Households practicing open defecation, 2012 (%)*
Fewer adults in Chhattisgarh have completed secondary school when compared to other states

Secondary education attainment, 2012 (% adults)

There are gains in schooling for the young in Chhattisgarh

Education attainment, (% age 18-30)

Enrollment by age cohort, (%)

Low Income States are highlighted in orange, AI is All India.
Public school enrollment in Chhattisgarh is higher than the national average

Enrollment in public educational institutes, 2012 (%)

Low income States are highlighted in orange, AI is All India.

Enrollment in private schools has slightly increased in Chhattisgarh, mainly for the rich

Enrollment in public educational institutes, 2012 (%)
Learning outcomes in Chhattisgarh are better than in other Low Income States

*Children in Std V who can read Std II level text*, 2014 (%)

Low Income States are highlighted in orange, AI is All India.

Learning outcomes have shown little improvement in Chhattisgarh

*Children in Std V who can read Std II level text*, (%)

*Data on learning outcomes available for rural areas only.*