# RWANDA GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Rwanda on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	$\rightarrow$	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

		Country Performance				Peer Comparison				
		Baseline			Latest		Lates		t	
		Value	Year		Value	Year	SSA	LIC	World	
Foundational Well-being: End Gender-Based Violence and Elevate Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever partnered women ages 15-49)	Human Ca	<b>pital</b> NA	NA		23.0	2018	20.3	22.5	NA	
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		8.10	2010	7	5.50	2020	NA	NA	NA	
Learning poverty: Share of children at the end-of-primary age below minimum reading proficiency (%)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	85.9 86.8	92.2 91.5	50.0 53.7	
Lower secondary completion rate (% of relevant group)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		40.9 33.2	2022 2022	43.3 46.4	38.2 42.9	77.0 76.3	
Female share of graduates from STEM programs, tertiary (%)		NA	NA		35.4	2018	NA	NA	NA	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		42.7	2011	7	32.4	2021	100	95.6	42.5	
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		368	2011	7	259	2020	536	409	223	
Contraceptive prevalence, any modern method (% of married women 15-49)		44.5	2011	7	58.4	2020	28.6	30.6	55.7	
Fraction of children under 5 not stunted	Female Male	0.59 0.52	2010 2010	<i>7</i> ' →	0.66 0.57	2020 2020	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	20.1 23.4	2011 2011	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	18.7 22.0	2019 2019	20.1 22.8	21.6 25.3	14.8 21.7	
Economic Participation: Expand and Enable Economic Opportunit	ies									
Labor force participation rate (% 15+)	Female Male	54.4 68.2	2011 2011	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	54.7 66.1	2022 2022	60.5 72.8	55.2 74.4	47.8 72.9	
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment)	Female Male	12.5 34.5	2011 2011	<i>7</i> <i>7</i>	21.5 48.5	2022 2022	17.9 25.9	13.4 23.1	53.1 51.3	
Employment in agriculture (% of employment)	Female Male	87.4 69.9	2011 2011	<i>K</i>	65.3 47.9	2022 2022	51.6 51.8	62.2 56.2	25.6 26.9	
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		29.9 27.3	2022 2022	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		82.2	2011	7	71.4	2022	82.1	82.7	55.2	
Women who do not own land (% of women 15-49)		46.3	2010	7	69.4	2020	NA	NA	NA	
Men who do not own land (% of men)		44.8	2010	7	61.0	2020	NA	NA	NA	
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	28.2 37.5	2011 2011	<i>7</i> ' →	33.2 40.6	2017 2017	33.8 45.9	20.3 27.8	71.9 76.0	
Used a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		2.81 5.66	2017 2017	14.1 19.4	9.05 13.1	31.8 37.0	
Female share of employment in senior and middle management (%)		NA	NA		25.0	2022	NA	NA	NA	
<b>Leadership: Engage Women as Leaders</b> Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		42.7	2011	7	26.5	2019	28.1	24.0	33.3	
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		56.2	2011	$\rightarrow$	61.2	2022	26.3	24.1	26.5	
Proportion of women in ministerial level positions (%)		33.3	2010	7	47.6	2022	23.9	22.9	22.8	
Women participating in decisions related to health care, purchases, and visiting family (% of women age 15-49)		58.7	2010	7	68.1	2020	NA	NA	NA	

Note: The Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) region includes 48 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Rwanda is a low income (LIC) country, which includes 26 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$0 to \$1,135 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the <u>Gender Data Portal</u>. Data is as of March 17, 2024.

Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2011. Latest Value shows the latest available value from 2012 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer Comparison shows how Rwanda performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Color coding represents values 10 percent above or below its peers in the region.





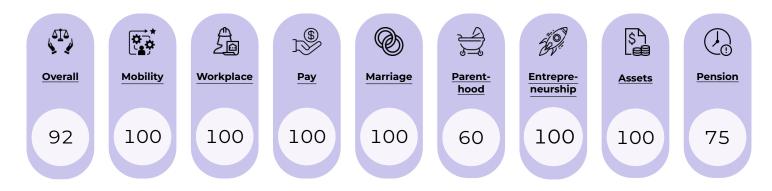




# **RWANDA GENDER LANDSCAPE**

Women, Business and the Law in Rwanda

Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2023 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Rwanda scores 92 out of 100, while the regional average across Sub-Saharan Africa is 74.

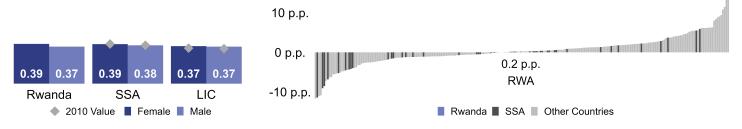


# A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Rwanda

Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to women's economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1) Baseline compared to 2020

Change in Female Labor Force Participation 2012-2022 (p.p.) Ages 15+



# Unpacking the Numbers in Rwanda -

# A girl born today will be 39 percent as productive as if she enjoyed full

39 percent

Men and women have a 11 percentage point gap in labor force education, health, participation and employment (2022)

### 22 percent

22 percent of women report having ever experienced any form of sexual violence (2015)

#### 1 in 2

50 percent of surveyed women find it justifiable for a man to beat his wife for any reason (2020)

#### 69 in 100

69 percent of women do not own any land registered under their name (2020)

### **LEARN MORE**

(2020)

The World Bank in Gender: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

11 points

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Gender Strategy (2024-2030): new Strategy puts forward the bold ambition to accelerate gender equality for a sustainable, resilient, and inclusive future.

World Bank Gender Data Portal: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

**AFR Gender Innovation Lab**: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.







