RUSSIAN FEDERATION GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Russian Federation on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

		Country Performance				Peer Comparison			
		Baseline		Latest		est			
		Value	Year		Value	Year	ECA	ИМС	World
Foundational Well-being: End Gender-Based Violence and Elevate	Human Ca	pital							
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever partnered women ages 15-49)		NA	NA		NA	NA	6.32	8.75	NA
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		NA	NA		6.20	2017	NA	NA	NA
Learning poverty: Share of children at the end-of-primary age below minimum reading proficiency (%)	Female Male	2.55 4.57	2011 2011	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	2.61 4.42	2016 2016	6.59 8.31	14.2 17.2	50.0 53.7
School enrollment, tertiary (% gross)	Female Male	91.2 68.6	2011 2011	→ <i>7</i>	90.0 77.0	2019 2019	85.8 72.2	68.8 57.4	44.8 39.1
Female share of graduates from STEM programs, tertiary (%)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		29.9	2011	7	15.0	2021	13.6	28.2	42.5
Fraction of children under 5 not stunted	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	18.6 41.4	2011 2011	7	15.2 35.0	2019 2019	11.4 21.8	12.9 21.7	14.8 21.7
Economic Participation: Expand and Enable Economic Opportuniti	es								
Labor force participation rate (% 15+)	Female Male	56.3 70.8	2011 2011	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	55.5 70.2	2022 2022	51.6 66.4	56.1 73.6	47.8 72.9
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment)	Female Male	93.8 92.2	2011 2011	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	94.4 92.5	2022 2022	86.1 79.6	58.5 58.6	53.1 51.3
Employment in agriculture (% of employment)	Female Male	5.69 9.62	2011 2011	<i>\\</i>	3.72 7.50	2022 2022	6.59 8.45	16.6 23.1	25.6 26.9
Received a public sector pension (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		27.8 18.2	2021 2021	24.1 19.8	8.73 7.55	9.93 8.83
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	15.1 10.3	2011 2011	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	14.6 10.3	2016 2016	15.2 12.1	NA NA	NA NA
Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work (% of 24 hour day)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		18.4 8.12	2014 2014	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		39.0	2011	7	50.4	2022	54.4	46.8	55.2
Female migrants (% of international migrant stock)		50.7	2010	\rightarrow	50.9	2019	51.2	42.7	46.7
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	47.7 48.8	2011 2011	<i>7</i> <i>7</i>	89.3 88.0	2021 2021	87.8 90.9	81.7 85.7	71.9 76.0
Used a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		56.1 61.4	2021 2021	47.8 53.0	49.0 54.0	31.8 37.0
Leadership: Engage Women as Leaders									
Female share of employment in senior and middle management (%)		39.5	2011	\rightarrow	41.2	2022	NA	NA	NA
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		33.1	2009	\rightarrow	34.0	2019	34.8	34.7	33.3
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		13.6	2011	7	16.2	2022	30.9	27.7	26.5
Proportion of women in ministerial level positions (%)		16.7	2010	7	4.76	2022	27.0	21.2	22.8

Note: The Europe and Central Asia (ECA) region includes 58 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Russian Federation is an upper middle income (UMC) country, which includes 54 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$4,466 to \$13,845 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the <u>Gender Data Portal</u>. Data is as of March 17, 2024. Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2011. Latest Value shows the latest available value from 2012 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer Comparison shows how Russian Federation performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Color coding represents values 10 percent above or below its peers in the region.



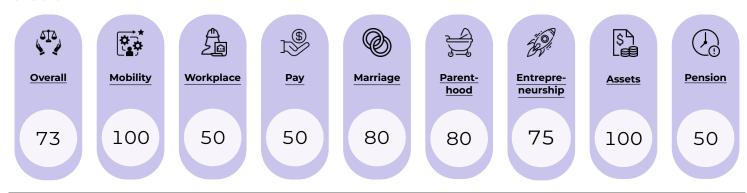






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Women, Business and the Law in Russian Federation **Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2023** presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. **Russian Federation scores 73 out of 100,** while the regional average across Europe and Central Asia is 86.

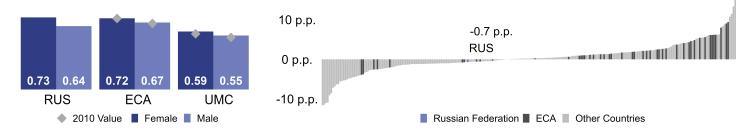


A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Russian Federation

Human Capital Index Score (0-1)
Baseline compared to 2020

Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to women's economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Change in Female Labor Force Participation 2012-2022 (p.p.) Ages 15+



— Unpacking the Numbers in Russian Federation —

73 percent 5.2 times 1.1 times 15 points A girl born today Men and women Men hold 5.2 times A man is 1.1 times will be 73 percent have a 15 as many seats in as likely to have as productive as if the national percentage point used a mobile she enjoyed full gap in labor force phone or the parliament as education, health, participation women (2022) internet to pay bills and employment (2022)(2021)(2020)

LEARN MORE

The World Bank in Gender: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Gender Strategy (2024-2030): The new Strategy puts forward the bold ambition to accelerate gender equality for a sustainable, resilient, and inclusive future.

<u>World Bank Gender Data Portal</u>: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

ECA Gender Page: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.







