PERU GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Peru on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow	
>10% Lower Value	\mathbf{Y}	
No Data		

		Country Performance			Peer Comparison				
		Baseline			Latest		Latest		
		Value	Year		Value	Year	LAC	ИМС	World
Foundational Well-being: End Gender-Based Violence and Elevate	Human Ca	pital							
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever partnered women ages 15-49)		NA	NA		11.0	2018	8.31	8.75	NA
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		18.8	2011	7	14.1	2020	NA	NA	NA
Learning poverty: Share of children at the end-of-primary age below minimum reading proficiency (%)	Female Male	69.6 67.3	2006 2006	К К	52.8 55.8	2013 2013	26.0 27.4	14.2 17.2	50.0 53.7
Lower secondary completion rate (% of relevant group)	Female Male	87.9 89.5	2011 2011	\rightarrow \rightarrow	89.0 91.2	2022 2022	76.1 72.2	91.7 89.6	77.0 76.3
Female share of graduates from STEM programs, tertiary (%)		NA	NA		47.8	2017	NA	NA	NA
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		65.3	2011	Л	56.8	2021	53.2	28.2	42.5
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		73.0	2011	\rightarrow	69.0	2020	88.0	61.0	223
Contraceptive prevalence, any modern method (% of married women 15-49)		51.1	2011	\rightarrow	55.0	2020	NA	71.6	55.7
Fraction of children under 5 not stunted	Female Male	0.78 0.75	2010 2010	アフ	0.88 0.88	2020 2020	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	11.5 11.7	2011 2011	К К	9.60 9.90	2019 2019	12.7 17.1	12.9 21.7	14.8 21.7
Economic Participation: Expand and Enable Economic Opportunit	ies								
Labor force participation rate (% 15+)	Female Male	71.3 86.2	2011 2011	\rightarrow \rightarrow	<mark>66.2</mark> 79.1	2022 2022	50.9 74.8	56.1 73.6	47.8 72.9
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment)	Female Male	39.7 49.7	2011 2011	\rightarrow \rightarrow	42.4 53.0	2022 2022	64.6 62.0	58.5 58.6	53.1 51.3
Employment in agriculture (% of employment)	Female Male	25.0 28.8	2011 2011	→ ↘	25.5 25.8	2022 2022	7.62 17.8	16.6 23.1	25.6 26.9
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	19.6 12.2	2011 2011	アフ	25.8 19.9	2022 2022	26.2 14.1	NA NA	NA NA
Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work (% of 24 hour day)	Female Male	23.6 8.95	2010 2010		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		58.4	2011	7	52.5	2022	48.2	46.8	55.2
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	17.6 23.4	2011 2011	アフ	51.4 61.5	2021 2021	68.1 75.3	81.7 85.7	71.9 76.0
Used a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		15.3 24.4	2021 2021	27.6 39.4	49.0 54.0	31.8 37.0
Female share of employment in senior and middle management (%)		NA	NA		32.9	2022	NA	NA	NA
Leadership: Engage Women as Leaders Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		28.7	2010	7	56.6	2017	49.9	34.7	33.3
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		21.5	2011	7	40.0	2022	35.7	27.7	26.5
Proportion of women in ministerial level positions (%)		22.2	2010	7	47.4	2022	30.1	21.2	22.8
Women participating in decisions related to health care, purchases, and visiting family (% of women age 15-49)		63.0	2011	\rightarrow	64.7	2012	NA	NA	NA

Note: The Latin America and Caribbean (LAC) region includes 42 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Peru is an upper middle income (UMC) country, which includes 54 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$4,466 to \$13,845 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the <u>Gender Data Portal</u>. Data is as of March 17, 2024. Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2011. Latest Value shows the latest available value from 2012 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer Comparison shows how Peru performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Color coding represents values 10 percent above or below its peers in the region.

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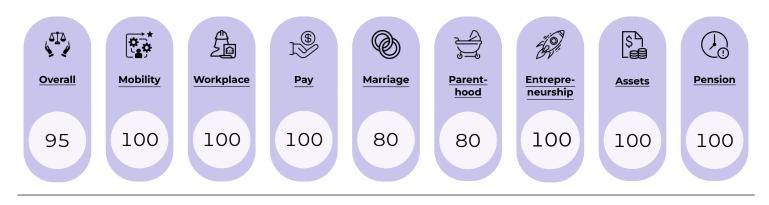
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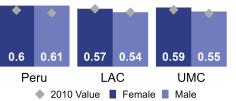
Women, Business and the Law in Peru

Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2023 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Peru scores 95 out of 100, while the regional average across Latin America and Caribbean is 81.



A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Peru Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to women's economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1) Baseline compared to 2020 Change in Female Labor Force Participation 2012-2022 (p.p.) Ages 15+





Peru LAC Other Countries

- Unpacking the Numbers in Peru -

60 percent	13 in 100	6.5 percent	7 in 50	1.6 times
A girl born today will be 60 percent as productive as if she enjoyed full education, health, and employment <u>(2020)</u>	13 percent of women 15 to 19 years old have had children or are currently pregnant (2012)	6.5 percent of women report having ever experienced any form of sexual violence (2012)	14 percent of women do not make sole or joint decisions to visit family and friends (2012)	A man is 1.6 times as likely to have used a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills (2021)

LEARN MORE

<u>The World Bank in Gender</u>: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Gender Strategy (2024-2030): The new Strategy puts forward the bold ambition to accelerate gender equality for a sustainable, resilient, and inclusive future.

<u>World Bank Gender Data Portal</u>: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

LAC Gender Innovation Lab: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.

Peru Gender Scorecard: This report offers additional context about the gender dynamic in Peru from the Poverty and Equity Team.





