

IV. Selected Economic Indicators

Recent history and projections	2022	2023	2024	2025e	2026f	2027f
Real GDP growth, at constant market prices	6.8	6.8	6.3	5.3	5.4	5.9
Private consumption	3.9	3.0	3.0	3.7	3.2	3.1
Government consumption	14.3	6.7	5.0	5.6	10.8	5.5
Gross fixed capital investment	3.4	-11.7	16.9	5.8	8.3	8.6
Exports, goods and services	16.8	3.5	12.0	6.1	5.9	5.4
Imports, goods and services	15.3	-0.3	7.3	4.1	6.7	4.3
Real GDP growth, at constant factor prices	9.5	3.3	2.3	5.3	5.4	5.9
Agriculture	8.7	3.8	2.8	4.3	2.5	3.8
Industry	12.5	3.8	-1.4	3.9	4.2	4.1
Services	8.0	2.8	4.5	6.7	7.4	7.9
Inflation (consumer price index)	9.5	5.0	2.5	2.5	3.6	3.8
Current account balance (% of GDP)	-14.9	-9.0	-9.5	-8.3	-7.4	-7.0
Net foreign direct investment inflow (% of GDP)	-14.7	7.9	13.2	4.9	4.5	4.8
Fiscal balance (% of GDP)	-3.8	-2.4	-1.2	-0.9	-1.1	-1.4
Revenues (% of GDP)	24.7	22.3	22.3	23.4	25.0	25.5
Debt (% of GDP)	50.1	48.7	47.0	43.0	43.0	42.8
Primary balance (% of GDP)	-3.0	-1.4	-0.3	0.0	-0.2	-0.4
International poverty rate (\$3.00 in 2021 PPP)^{1,2}	11.7	11.7	11.1	10.7	10.8	11.0
Lower middle-income poverty rate (\$4.20 in 2021 PPP)^{1,2}	28.2	28.3	26.9	25.7	26.0	26.2
Upper middle-income poverty rate (\$8.30 in 2021 PPP)^{1,2}	72.8	72.8	72.1	70.1	69.9	69.9
GHG emissions growth (mtCO2e)	2.2	2.6	2.4	3.6	3.3	3.4

Source: World Bank, Poverty and Economic Policy Global Departments. Emissions data sourced from CAIT and OECD.
Notes: e = estimate, f = forecast. Data in annual percent change unless indicated otherwise.
1/ Calculations based on 2019-EPCV. Actual data: 2019. Nowcast: 2020-2024. Forecasts are from 2025 to 2027.
2/ Projections using microsimulation methodology.