This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Samoa on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

		Country Performance				Peer Comparison			
		Baseline			Lat	est	t	Latest	:
		Value	Year		Value	Year	EAP	LMC	World
Foundational Well-being: End Gender-Based Violence and Elevate Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever partnered women ages 15-49)	Human Ca	pital NA	NA		18.0	2018	7.93	16.9	NA
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		NA	NA		7.40	2020	NA	NA	NA
Literacy rate (% ages 15-24)	Female Male	99.5 99.0	2011	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	99.4 98.8	2021	99.1	90.2	91.5
School enrollment, tertiary (% gross)	Female Male	6.43 7.23	2000 2000	7	23.6 11.8	2021 2021	63.9 55.4	27.0 26.2	44.8 39.1
Female share of graduates from STEM programs, tertiary (%)		18.2	2000		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		46.3	2011	\rightarrow	43.6	2021	20.2	44.5	42.5
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		59.0	2011	\rightarrow	59.0	2020	74.0	255	223
Contraceptive prevalence, any modern method (% of married women 15-49)		26.7	2009	7	15.8	2020	70.2	47.2	55.7
Fraction of children under 5 not stunted	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		0.96 0.94	2020 2020	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	30.2 34.4	2011 2011	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	29.2 33.1	2019 2019	12.5 21.2	18.9 25.0	14.8 21.7
Economic Participation: Expand and Enable Economic Opportunit	ies								
Labor force participation rate (% 15+)	Female Male	41.1 66.6	2011 2011	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	41.3 67.1	2022 2022	58.7 73.8	35.2 74.3	47.8 72.9
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment)	Female Male	63.0 64.7	2011 2011	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	67.1 63.6	2022 2022	54.8 56.3	28.6 34.9	53.1 51.3
Employment in agriculture (% of employment)	Female Male	23.9 32.9	2011 2011	7	8.43 26.6	2022 2022	19.5 25.8	46.8 34.9	25.6 26.9
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		35.6 22.4	2017 2017	NA NA	36.8 11.1	NA NA
Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work (% of 24 hour day)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		77.3	2011	\rightarrow	74.8	2022	47.3	56.5	55.2
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	80.7 83.5	55.6 61.3	71.9 76.0
Used a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	46.9 49.9	8.43 14.8	31.8 37.0
Female share of employment in senior and middle management (%)		NA	NA		43.0	2017	NA	NA	NA
Leadership: Engage Women as Leaders Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		79.8	2009		NA	NA	45.7	32.5	33.3
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		4.08	2011	7	13.0	2022	21.9	21.8	26.5
Proportion of women in ministerial level positions (%)		23.1	2010	7	30.8	2022	14.7	18.0	22.8
Women participating in decisions related to health care, purchases, and visiting family (% of women age 15-49)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Note: The East Asia and Pacific (EAP) region includes 37 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Samoa is a lower middle income (LMC) country, which includes 54 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$1,136 to \$4,465 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the Gender Data Portal. Data is as of March 18, 2024.

Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2011. Latest Value shows the latest available value from 2012 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer Comparison shows how Samoa performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Color coding represents values 10 percent above or below its peers in the region.





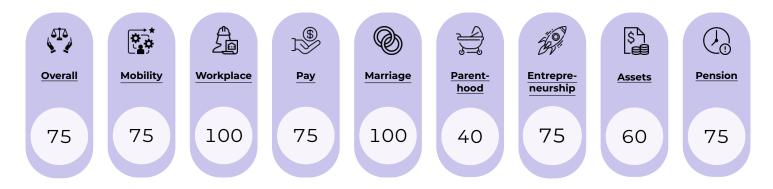




SAMOA GENDER LANDSCAPE

Women, Business and the Law in Samoa

Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2023 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Samoa scores 75 out of 100, while the regional average across East Asia and Pacific is 73.

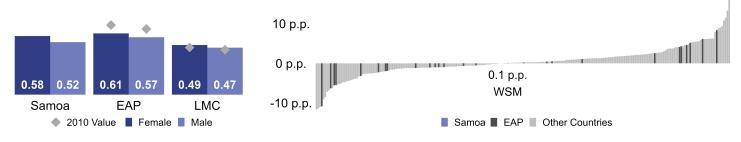


A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Samoa

Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to women's economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1) Baseline compared to 2020

Change in Female Labor Force Participation 2012-2022 (p.p.) Ages 15+



Unpacking the Numbers in Samoa -

58 percent

A girl born today will be 58 percent as productive as if she enjoyed full education, health, and employment (2020)

26 points

Men and women have a 26 percentage point gap in labor force participation (2022)

18 percent

18 percent of women were subjected to physical or sexual violence in the last 12 months (2018)

6.7 times

Men hold 6.7 times as many seats in the national parliament as women (2022)

7 in 25

7 in 25 women ages 15 to 49 are in positions of vulnerable employment (2022)

LEARN MORE

The World Bank in Gender: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Gender Strategy (2024-2030): new Strategy puts forward the bold ambition to accelerate gender equality for a sustainable, resilient, and inclusive future.

World Bank Gender Data Portal: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

EAP Gender Innovation Lab: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.







