HONG KONG SAR, CHINA GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Hong Kong SAR, China on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

		Country Performance Baseline Latest				Peer Comparison			
					Latest		Latest		:
		Value	Year		Value	Year	EAP	HIC	World
Foundational Well-being: End Gender-Based Violence and Elevate	Human Ca	pital							
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever partnered women ages 15-49)		NA	NA		3.00	2018	7.93	5.60	NA
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Literacy rate (% ages 15-24)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	99.1 99.0	NA NA	91.5 93.9
School enrollment, tertiary (% gross)	Female Male	61.7 57.7	2011 2011	アフ	109 99.3	2022 2022	63.9 55.4	89.9 69.2	44.8 39.1
Female share of graduates from STEM programs, tertiary (%)		25.3	2006		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		3.26	2011	И	1.58	2021	20.2	11.2	42.5
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		NA	NA		NA	NA	74.0	12.0	223
Contraceptive prevalence, any modern method (% of married women 15-49)		NA	NA		64.5	2017	70.2	NA	55.7
Fraction of children under 5 not stunted	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	12.5 21.2	8.97 14.8	14.8 21.7
Economic Participation: Expand and Enable Economic Opportunit	ies								
Labor force participation rate (% 15+)	Female Male	52.9 68.4	2011 2011	\rightarrow \rightarrow	52.9 64.7	2022 2022	58.7 73.8	54.0 68.0	47.8 72.9
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment)	Female Male	94.3 85.9	2011 2011	\rightarrow \rightarrow	94.9 88.2	2022 2022	54.8 56.3	90.6 85.6	53.1 51.3
Employment in agriculture (% of employment)	Female Male	0.15 0.34	2011 2011	К К	0.12 0.30	2022 2022	19.5 25.8	2.02 3.65	25.6 26.9
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	5.81 6.50	2011 2011	∕ →	6.48 6.92	2022 2022	NA NA	11.6 10.6	NA NA
Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work (% of 24 hour day)	Female Male	13.8 4.58	2002 2002	א א	10.8 3.33	2013 2013	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		34.2	2011	7	48.2	2022	47.3	55.0	55.2
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	89.1 88.2	2011 2011	アア	98.2 97.3	2021 2021	80.7 83.5	96.7 96.0	71.9 76.0
Used a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		64.6 64.2	2021 2021	46.9 49.9	55.3 57.0	31.8 37.0
Female share of employment in senior and middle management (%)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Leadership: Engage Women as Leaders									
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		NA	NA		NA	NA	45.7	39.5	33.3
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		NA	NA		NA	NA	21.9	30.8	26.5
Proportion of women in ministerial level positions (%)		NA	NA		NA	NA	14.7	30.1	22.8
Women participating in decisions related to health care, purchases, and visiting family (% of women age 15-49)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

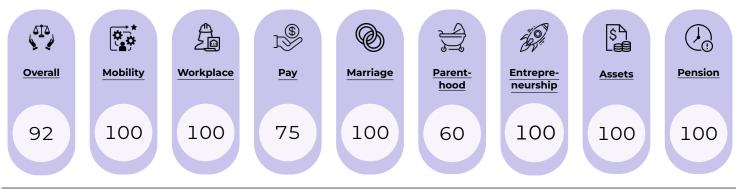
Note: The East Asia and Pacific (EAP) region includes 37 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Hong Kong SAR, China is a high income (HIC) country, which includes 82 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita higher than \$13,845 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the <u>Gender Data Portal</u>. Data is as of March 17, 2024. Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2011. Latest Value shows the latest available value from 2012 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer Comparison shows how Hong Kong SAR, China performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Color coding represents values 10 percent above or below its peers in the region.

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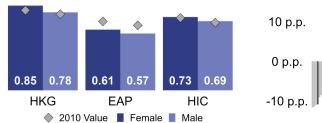
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Women, Business and the Law in Hong Kong SAR, China Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2023 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Hong Kong SAR, China scores 92 out of 100, while the regional average across East Asia and Pacific is 73.

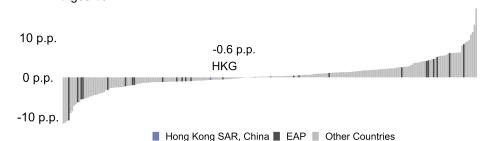


A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Hong Kong SAR, China Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to women's economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1) Baseline compared to 2020



Change in Female Labor Force Participation 2012-2022 (p.p.) Ages 15+



—— Unpacking the Numbers in Hong Kong SAR, China ——

85 percent	12 points	3 percent
A girl born today will be 85 percent as productive as if she enjoyed full education, health, and employment <u>(2020)</u>	Men and women have a 12 percentage point gap in labor force participation (2022)	3 percent of women were subjected to physical or sexual violence in the last 12 months (2018)

LEARN MORE

The World Bank in Gender: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Gender Strategy (2024-2030): The new Strategy puts forward the bold ambition to accelerate gender equality for a sustainable, resilient, and inclusive future.

<u>World Bank Gender Data Portal</u>: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

EAP Gender Innovation Lab: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.





