

A machine learning (ML) algorithm is a type of computer program that learns to perform specific tasks based on various data inputs or rules provided by a human.

WHAT IS A MACHINE LEARNING ALGORITHM?

They can perform these tasks in two ways:

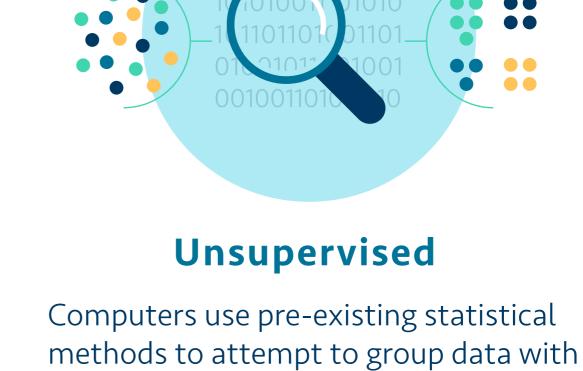


computer which answer is correct

training dataset that tells the

and which is incorrect. Think of it like flash cards. If you show someone a picture of a cat and one of a dog, and explain which is

which, they can use that information to sort other pictures of cats and dogs into respective groups.



similar characteristics together.

For example, consumer demographics and purchasing habits could be used as a dataset for an advertising program

attempting to group the U.S. population into smaller, more specific markets.

Guatemala: Earthquake Vulnerability

ML IN THE REAL WORLD

Since disasters often affect poor and vulnerable areas most significantly,

it's imperative to use the technology we have to protect those areas. For example:

In 1976, an earthquake decimated the Guatemalan town of Los Amates, causing:

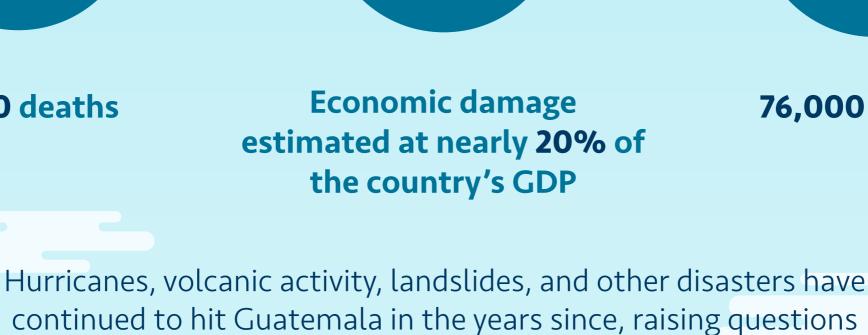




Slope of land

85% of buildings that field

engineers deemed at-risk flagged.







retrofitting investments and, most importantly, save lives.



The World Bank used imagery from satellites, drones, and 360° street-view

cameras to identify homes that were at high risk for collapse during an earthquake.

Using imagery was about 70% cheaper than relying only on people for data

collection and prevented human bias in data collection.

The algorithm identified high-risk buildings based on . . .

Rooftop material Large first-floor openings

In the end, World Bank's method resulted in . . .



are prone to collapse and buildings that are

good candidates for retrofitting.

present themselves in data

the desired results

information in the field—knowledge and information from

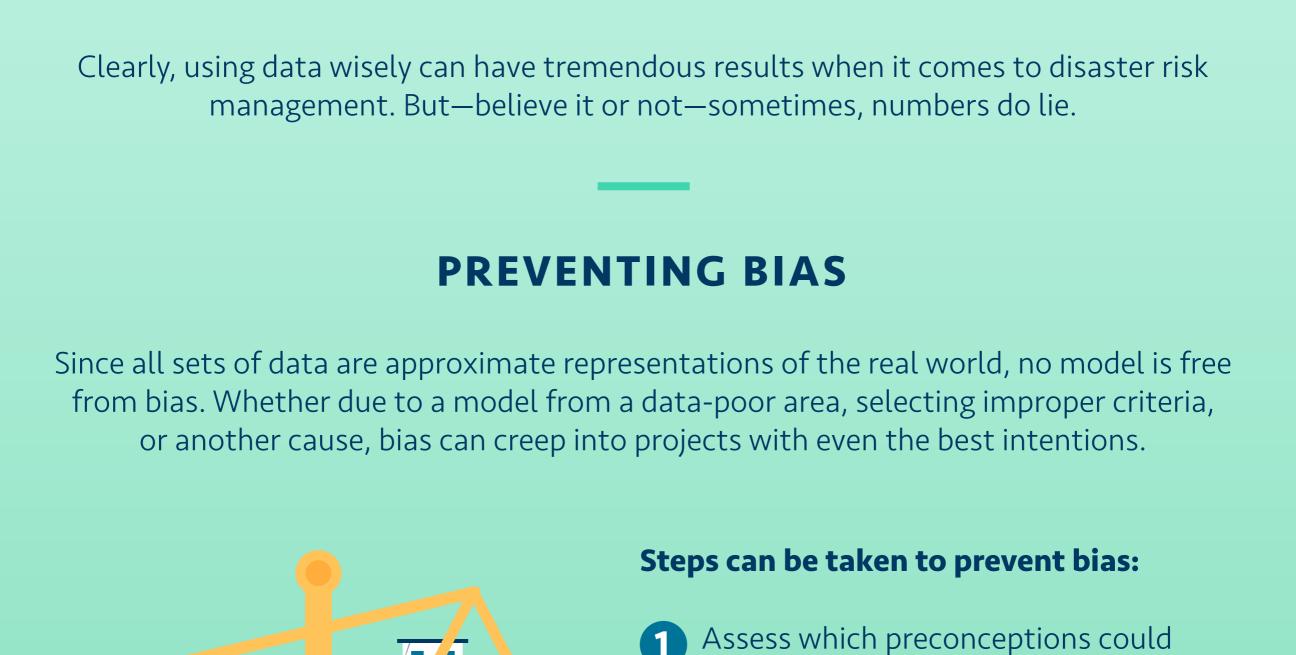
teams around the world stack on top of one another to speed

up innovation for the benefit of all. This is particularly essential

Ensure all data are directly relevant to

If necessary, collect additional data to

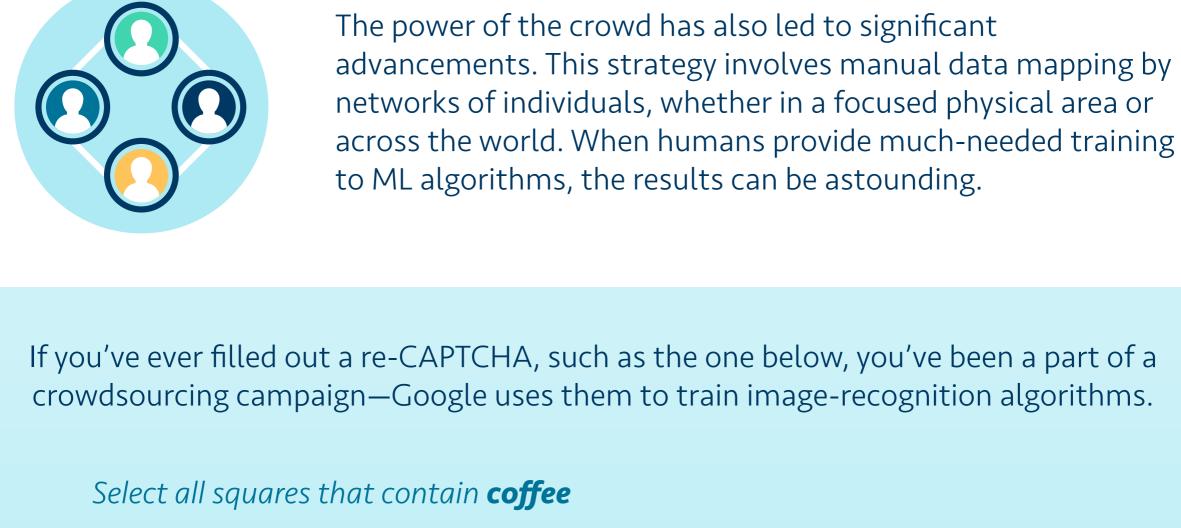
build a larger, less biased sample



Over the past decade, machine learning methods have seen enormous growth. This is largely due to the openness of

in the DRM field.

OPEN DATA AND THE FUTURE OF ML



If you've ever filled out a re-CAPTCHA, such as the one below, you've been a part of a crowdsourcing campaign—Google uses them to train image-recognition algorithms.

I'm not a robot

Together, humans and computers have come together to make

tremendous progress in the disaster risk management

field, and as technology and datasets continue to grow, so will our results.

Read our full report on machine learning for disaster risk management and learn more at:

bit.ly/mlfordrm