



Our Reference: 69-9-4

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The Honourable James Marape, MP

Prime Minister & Minister for National Planning & Monitoring Office of the Minister
P.O Parliament Haus

WAIGANI

National Capital District

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT ON THE WATER SUPPLY & SANITATION DEVELOPMENT PROJECT -- PART 1 & 2 - (WB IDA CREDIT NO. 5940-PG) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

OPINION

In accordance with Section 8(4) of the Audit Act, 1989 (as amended), I have audited the accompanying special purpose financial statements of the Water Supply & Sanitation Development Project – Part 1 & 2 (WB IDA Credit No. 5940-PG) for the year ended 31 December 2022, which comprise the Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments, Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amounts and notes to the Statements of Cash Receipts and Payments, including a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements;

- i) are based on proper accounts and records;
- ii) are in agreement with those accounts and records and present fairly, in all material respects, the Project's financial performance for the year ended 31 December 2022;
- iii) comply with generally accepted accounting practice and statutory requirements in Papua New Guinea; and
- iv) funds were used for the purpose of the Project as set out in the *Financing Agreement IDA*Credit No. 5940-PG and the GoPNG Funds.

BASIS FOR OPINION

I conducted my audit in accordance with *International Standards on Auditing* and the *Audit Act,* 1989 (as amended). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor-General's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report.

I am independent of the Water Supply & Sanitation Development Project – Part 1 & 2 in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Papua New Guinea, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTER

Project Reporting Requirement under the Financing Agreement

Section II: B (3) of the Financing Agreement requires the Project (Recipient) to have its financial statements audited and shall cover the period of one (1) fiscal year of the Project and have the audited financial statements furnished to the Association (World Bank) not later than six (6) months after the end of the fiscal year.

However, my review noted that the Project had not complied by submitting the financial statements for the 2022 fiscal year before the first six (6) months of 2023 (30th June 2023) to be audited hence, the financial statements for the year ended 2023 was submitted two (2) months before 30th June but the supporting documentations were provided in July 2023 for audits.

The Project (PMU) had not fulfilled its responsibility and failure to provide financial statements or accounts on time is a breach of the *Financing Agreement*.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER

Direct Payment (Reimbursement) from Loan Proceed Account

Disclosed under *Annex I* at the end of the *Notes* to the financial statements contained details of direct payments totaling to K1.1 million (K1,141,471) disbursed by World Bank directly to Consultants from the Loan Proceed Account.

My audit coverage did not cover the records on the Loan Proceed Account as it was kept by World Bank-IDA therefore, I will not comment on those direct consultancy payments and/or services rendered as highlighted in the financial statements.

My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of the Project Management and those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Management overseeing the Project Monitoring Unit (PMU) at the Department of National Planning and Monitoring is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements submitted under Section 63(3) of the Public Finances (Management) Act, 1995 (as amended) in accordance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards: Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting, as stated in Note (1a) of the financial statements and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Water Supply & Sanitation Development Project – Part 1 & 2 financial reporting process.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with *International Standards on Auditing*, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also;

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the statement of cash receipts and payments, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsible to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Project's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Project to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

GORDON KEGA MBA, CPA

Kaga

Auditor-General

27 October, 2023



PAPUA NEW GUINEA

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL PLANNING AND MONITORING WaSH PMU

WATER SANITATION AND HYGIENE PROJECT

IDA CREDIT NO: 59400-PG (P155087)

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

DECEMBER 31, 2022

Prepared in accordance with the Cash Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)

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Project Background Information and Overview

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WaSH) is a fundamental human right of critical importance to health, education and wellbeing. Unsafe drinking water, lack of sanitation and poor hygiene practices directly contribute to the transmission of diseases, including diarrhea, cholera, dysentery and typhoid. WaSH related diseases have long term impacts on Papua New Guinea's (PNG) population causing higher morbidity and death, reducing educational attainment and workplace participation and cause significant economic impacts at both household and national level.

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene is cross cutting and core to PNG'S development agenda. The implementation of the National WaSH Policy 2015-2030 will help reverse the trends and improve WaSH service delivery for the benefits of the people and as a result, improve personal health, productivity and well-being.

Despite tremendous efforts contributed by our development partners and key stakeholders to deliver on the Policy targets, various factors continue to pose significant threat to lack of proper coordination of WaSH services, monitoring, implementation and reporting thus, affecting progress. Apart from Covid-19, certain issues like the lack government funding, capacity constraints, geographical location, subnational level sector knowledge and effective monitoring continues to contribute to the sectors delay in meeting its annual Medium Term Development Plan (MTDP) and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) targets.

In order to achieve the policy target, the government of PNG need collaboration between several development partners, and stakeholders to undertake evidence – based planning, financing and service delivery while closely considering the impacts of climate change on WaSH infrastructure and water security.

World Bank has been a key partner of the government in the WaSH Sector over the years. Through World Bank support, the government was able to develop the National WaSH policy and also provide Loan Proceed to implement the Water Supply and Sanitation Development Project in the country. The project has three components, in which component 1 & 2, was under Department of National Planning and Monitoring — WaSH PMU and component 3, under the management of Water PNG. The government of PNG has been the counter-funding partner for the Water Supply and Sanitation Development Project.

This particular report only covers component 1&2, of the World Bank Loan Proceed – IDA for Water Supply and Sanitation Development Project. Component 1: Institutional Structure for the Implementation of National WaSH Policy and component 2: Rural and Peri – urban Water and Sanitation.

Statement of Project Management Responsibilities

The Acting Secretary for Department of National Planning and Monitoring, and the Project Coordinator for Water Supply and Sanitation Development Project, are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Project's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Project for and as at the end of the year ended on December 31, 2022.

This responsibility includes (i) Maintaining adequate financial management arrangement and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period, (ii) Maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the project, (iii) Designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud, (iv) safeguarding the assets of the project, (v) Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and (v) Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Acting Secretary for Department of National Planning and Monitoring and the Project Coordinator for Water Supply and Sanitation Development Project accept responsibility for the Project's financial statements, which have been prepared on the Cash Basis Method of Financial Reporting, using appropriate accounting policies in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards.

The Acting Secretary for Department of National Planning and Monitoring and the Project Coordinator for Water Supply and Sanitation Development project are of the opinion that the Project's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Project's transactions during the financial year ended December 31, 2022, and of the Project's financial position as at that date. The Acting Secretary for Department of National Planning and Monitoring and the Project Coordinator for Water Supply and Sanitation Development Project further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Project, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Project financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

The Acting Secretary for Department of National Planning and Monitoring and the Project Coordinator for Water Supply and Sanitation Development Project confirm that the Project has complied fully with applicable Government Regulations and the terms of external financing covenants, and that Project funds received during the financial year under audit were used for the eligible purposes for which they were intended and were properly accounted for.

Approval of the Project Financial Statements

The Project financial statements were approved by the Acting Secretary for Department of National Planning and Monitoring and the Project Coordinator for Water Supply and Sanitation Project on 25th of October 2023 and signed by them.

Koney Samuel

Acting Secretary

Takale Tuna

Project Coordinator

Gibson Kaul Michael

Project Accountant

Statement of Receipts and Payments for the Period Ended December 31, 2022

	Note	Meceipts and payments controlled by the entity	Paymen ts made by third parties	Total	Receipts and payments controlled by the entity	Payments made by third parties	Total	Cumulative to-date (from inception)
			2022		•	2021		
Receipt		PGK	ADd	THE COLUMN				
7		TOW	rak	PGK	PGK	PGK	PGK	PGK
External assistance – IDA	2	1	1					Y OTY
Budget from Counterpart Funding - GoPNG	8	1	I	1 1	421 007	1	1 1	3,141,471
Miscellaneous receipts		C			(21,00)	ı	421,007	3,336,236
		07	1	20	1	ī	1	102
I otal receipts		20	1	00	200 107			103
Payments				0.7	441,007	I	421,007	6,477,890
Consultant services	4	3.862		070 6				
Purchase of goods and services	v	230 600		2,007	1	ī	ı	1,165,793
F. 7. E.)	060,667	ì	239,690	1,214,266		1.214.266	1 680 224
Lotal payments		243,552	I	243.552	1214266			1,009,224
(Deficit)/Surplus		(243,532)		(040 500)	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		1,214,266	2,855,027

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.



Statement of Financial Assets as at December 31, 2022

Description	Note	2022	2021
		PGK	PGK
Financial Assets			TOR
Cash and cash equivalents			
Bank balances	6	3,622,873	2 966 406
Cash balances		3,022,073	3,866,405
Cash equivalents (Short-term deposits)			
Total cash and cash equivalents		3,622,873	3,866,405
Imprests and advances			
Total financial assets		3,622,873	3,866,405
Financial Liabilities			
Deposits and retention monies			
Net Assets		3,622,873	3,866,405
Represented by:			
Fund balance brought forward		3 966 105	1.650.661
Prior year adjustments		3,866,405	4,659,664
(Deficits)/Surplus for the Year		(243,532)	(703 250)
Net Financial Position		3,622,873	(793,259) 3,866,405

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements.



2

Statement of Cash Flow for the Period Ended December 31, 2022

Description	Note	2022	2021
		PGK	PGK
Cash flow from operating activities			
Receipts			
Receipts from external assistance – IDA	2	_	
Budget appropriation/ Counterpart funding - GoPNG	3	_	421,007
Miscellaneous receipts		20	721,00
Total receipts		20	421,007
Payments			
Payment for consultant services	4	3,862	
Purchase of goods and services	5	239,690	1 214 266
Total payments	3	243,552	1,214,266 1,214,266
Adjustments during the year			
Prior year adjustments			
Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable		-	-
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable:		-	
Net cash flow from operating activities			-
operating activities		(243,532)	(793,259)
Cash flow from investing activities			
Acquisition of non-financial assets		_	
Net cash flows from investing activities		-	<u> </u>
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from foreign borrowings			
Net cash flow from financing activities			-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(242.522)	/= .
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of the period		(243,532)	(793,259)
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the period		3,866,664	4,659,664
on and eash equivalent at end of the period	6	3,622,873	3,866,405

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements.



3

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts for the Period Ended December 31, 2022

				A nd		
Receipts/Payments Item	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Comparable	Budget	% of
					M. C.	
Danainto	A	В	C = A + B	D	F=C.D	20,41-1
order pro					0.0	トーリン%
Receipts from external assistance - IDA	26 345 057					
Receipts from Counternant Gundling Country	10,01	1	750,345,057	3,141,471	23.203.586	
	2,915,229	421.007	726 722 2	700 700 0	20062016	
Miscellaneous receipts			067,000,0	3,330,236	1	
Total Receipts		1	,	183	(183)	1
	29,260,286	421,007	29.681 203	008 227 9		
Payments			Cherone	0,477,090	23,203,403	22%
Consultant services						
	26,345,057	1	76 315 057			
Purchase of goods and services			750,545,07	1,165,793	25,179,264	
6	2,915,229	421,007	3,336,236	1 680 224	1 640 010	
I otal Payments	200 020 00	100		+77,700,1	1,04/,012	
Surplus	72,400,400	421,007	29,681,293	2,855,017	26,826,276	10%
*	1	1	ı	3 622 873	(0 600 000)	

Note: The significant budget utilisation/performance differences in the last column are explained in Annex 1 & 2 to these financial statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements

1 Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out bellow:

1. I Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation;

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Cash-basis IPSAS financial reporting uncler the cash basis of accounting, as prescribed by the PSASB and set out in the accounting policy note below. This cash basis of accounting has been supplemented with accounting for; a) receivables that include imprests and salary advances and b) payables that include deposits and retentions. The financial statements comply with and conform to the form of presentation prescribed by the PSASB.

The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

1.2 Reporting Entity

The financial statements are for the Project managing Part 1&2 - under Department of National Planning and Monitoring -Water Sanitation Hygiene Program Management Unit (WaSH PMU). Part 1: Institutional Structure for the Implementation of National WaSH Policy and Part 2: Rural and Puri-Urban Water and Sanitation. The Project is implemented by Department of National Planning and Monitoring - WaSH PMU, as per the Project Agreement Between International Development Association(IDA) and Independent State of Papua New Guinea, dated 22nd March, 2017.

The WaSH Programme Management Unit (PMU) is under the oversight of the Department of National Planning and Monitoring. The WaSH PMU Project Coordinator oversee the implementation and reporting of key Government WaSH programs. The Project Coordinator is given the recognition as sensor manager of the Department and provide the additional support to the Senior Management Committee (SMC) in achieving Department targets.

WaSH PMU's efforts in providing the national level sector coordination to all WaSH interventions across the country in collaboration with Development Partners, NGOs, CSOs, line agencies and relevant sector stakeholders to provide a unified approach in achieving the ambitious WaSH targets. Through consistent collaboration and partnership with key stakeholders, the sector has made significant improvement to ensure universal and equitable access to water, sanitation and hygiene service is delivered to meet the targets outlined in the National WaSH Policy 2015-2030.

1.3 Nature of Operation

The Project through DNPM-WaSH PMU has the responsibility to manage Part 1&2 - component of the Water Supply & Sanitation Development Project. Funding under the IDA loan agreement of SDR 6.55 million comprising Category 1 of SDR 6.20 million for Goods, Consulting Services & Training, and Category 2 of SDR 350,000 for incremental Operating costs.

As per the loan agreement the counter funding comes from the GoPNG. The counterpart funding from GoPNG, are mostly to cover administrative cost and other expenses not captured on the agreement. Apart from that, any payment made by DNPM-WaSH PMU, that are captured in the agreement are reim bursable by World Bank through lodging of Withdrawal Application on WB Client Connection for reim bursement.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

1.4 Reporting Period

The reporting period is from 1st January 2022 to 31st December 2022.

1.5 Payment by Third parties

The third party payment are incurred when the World Bank does direct payment to goods and service providers from the Loan Proceeds Account. The Loan Proceeds Account is under custody of the World Bank. The direct payments by third parties are actually indirect receipts of the Project as they are paid on behalf of disbursement for Part 1 & 2 component of the Project.

1.6 Income Tax

The project did not provide for income tax during the period as the project is exempted from income tax, under Section 25 of the Income Tax Act, 1959 (as amended).

1.7 Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Papua New Guinea Kina (PGK), which is the functional and reporting currency of the Project and all values are rounded to the nearest Papua New Guinea Kina.

1.8 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year.

For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorized public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

1.9 Restriction on Cash

Restricted cash represents amounts that are limited/restricted from being used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. This cash is limited for direct use as required by stipulation. Amounts maintained in deposit bank accounts are restricted for use in refunding third part deposits.

1.10 Imprests and Advances

For the purposes of these financial statements, imprests and advances to authorized public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year is treated as receivables. This is in recognition of the government practice where the imprest payments are recognized as payments when fully accounted for by the imprest holders. This is an enhancement to the cash accounting policy. Other accounts receivables are disclosed in the financial statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

1.11 Exchange Rate Differences

The accounting records are maintained in the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the Project operates, Papua New Guinea Kina. Transactions in foreign currencies during the year/period are converted into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Any foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statements of receipts and payments.

1.12 Comparative Figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year/period have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in financial statement presentation.

1.13 Subsequent Events

There have been no events subsequent to the financial year end with a significant impact on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

1.14 Prior Period Adjustments

Prior period adjustments relate to the correction of errors and other adjustments arising from previous periods.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continue)

2. External assistance - IDA

	Receipts controlled by the entity	Receipts controlled by third parties	Total	Receipts controlled by the entity	Receipts controlled by third parties	Total	Cumulative to-date (from inception)
		2022			2021		1
Receipts	PGK	PGK		PGK) between	A570	TOU
Initial advance to the designated			1	1	ALC: A	454	FGK
account by WB	1				I	1	2,000,000
Direct Payment by World Bank from Loan Proceed	ı	I	I			r	
Total receipts			1				1/1611 461

World Bank Loan Proceed account. The initial advance of PGK 2,000,000, made to the designated account, maintained by BSP Bank is captured here and the There were no advance made during this reporting period by World Bank to the project designated account and also there were no direct payment made from previous periods third party payments made directly by World Bank is presented in Annex I.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3. Budget appropriation/counterpart funding

	Receipts controlled by the entity	Receipts controlled by third parties	Total	Receipts controlled by the entity	Receipts controlled by third parties	Total	Cumulative to-date (from inception)
		2022			2021		
D					-		
Kecenpus	PGK	PGK	PGK	PGK	pGK	DCK	ADU.
Advance release to WSSDP trust					T OTY	TOT	FUN
account - GoPNG	1	t	1	421,007	1	421,007	3.336.236
Total wassing							0 2 - 6 - 2 - 6 -
Total receipts	r		t	421.007		421 007	700,000

There were no advance made into WSSDP Trust Account -- GoPNG.

Payment from World Bank Loan Proceed - IDA

Polyment from Designated Account Day Ment from Designated Account Total receipts Polyment from Designated Account Total receipts Polyment Polyme		controlled by the entity	made by third parties	Total	controlled by the entity	rayments made by third parties	Total	Cumulative to-date (from inception)
Designated Account PGK PGK PGK PGK PGK PGK t made by WB - - - - - - t made by WB - - - - - - 3,862 - - - - - -			100000000000000000000000000000000000000			1		
Designated Account 3,862 - 3,862 3,862		PGK	PGK	PGK	PGK	PGK	DCK	450d
t made by WB 3,862 - 3,862 3,862	Payment from Designated Account	2 867		0,00		440	ATO T	AD.
t made by WB 3,862 - 3,862	Talmore Trouble Confidence 1 1000mile	2,00%	1	2,862	1	t	1	24 322
3,862 - 3,862 -	Direct Payment made by WB	ı	1		1			1 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 1
3,862	Total receipte	6706						1,141,4/1
	rotal receipts	2,00,0	1	3,862	*	1	1	1,165,793

From the initial advance of K2,000,000 made by World bank to designated account, an amount of K3,862 were disburse for consultancy payment for the period. No direct payment done from World Bank Loan Proceed account for this period.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

5 Purchase of goods and services

	Payments controlled by the entity	Fayments made by third parties	Total	Payments controlled by the entity	Payments made by third	Total	Cumulative to-date (from inception)
		2022			2021		
	DOT	2000			T707		
	FGA	PGK	PGK	PGK	DCI	ADO	()
Goods	12 200			T OTY	ION	FGK	PGK
	15,200	1	13.200	16.032		10000	
Services	1 6/5		1 / 7	70,00	I	10,032	59,214
75770	C+O,1	1	1,645	525,882	1	525 882	12L 9C9
Stall costs	224.845	,	274 845	130 007		700,070	020,131
Total managests	2.26		C+0,+77	0/2,331	1	672,351	1.003.251
I otal receipts	239,690	1	239,690	1.214.266	1	1 214 266	1,000,000

A detailed analysis of purchase of goods and services is presented in Annex II.

Bank balances

	2022	2021
	PGK	PGK
Cash and cash equivalents		
Bank balances - IDA designated account (T/A-World Bank)	1,975,669	1 979 541
Bank balances – Trust Account- GoPNG	1,647,204	1 886 864
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,622,873	3,866,405



Annex I

Statement of Direct Payment (Reimbursement) from Loan Proceed Account kept by WB

WB TN	Payee Reference	Value Date	Amount in PGK	Balance in PGK
	Bal brought forward	31/12/2021	145,145	1,141,471
			1,141,471	~,2 12,172

Annex II

Detailed Analysis of Purchase of Goods and Services

ACCOUNTS	2022	2021	2020	2019	Cumulative Balance
		PGK	PGK	PGK	PGK
Domestic Travel			7,535		7,535
Capacity Building - Training			8,085		8,085
Fuel	13,200		12,000		25,200
Vehicle Service & Repair	1,645		5,843		7,488
Contractual Service			2,646		2,646
Consultancy Service		525,883	70,,910		
Computer & Laptops		220,000	5,823		596,793
Office Stationery		11,532	12,159		5,823
Office Expenses		4,500	1,925		23,691
Salary	224,845	672,351			6,425
Petty Cash	227,073	072,331	106,055		1,003,251
Bank charges	10		2,000		2,000
TOTAL EXPENSES	40			286	326
TOTAL EXPENSES	239,690	1,214,266	234,981	286	1,689,223